# Thermo Scientific Accel Series

## Cooling/Heating Recirculating Chillers

Thermo Scientific Manual P/N U01076
Rev. 08/06/2015

CE

# Multilingual Quick Start Guides

## Installation

## Operation

## Basic Maintenance

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Product Service Information, Applications Notes, MSDS Forms, e-mail.

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**Declaration of Conformity**

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**Warranty**

**Safety Precautions:**

The chiller is designed for indoor use only.

Never place chiller in a location where excessive heat, moisture, inadequate ventilation, or corrosive materials are present.

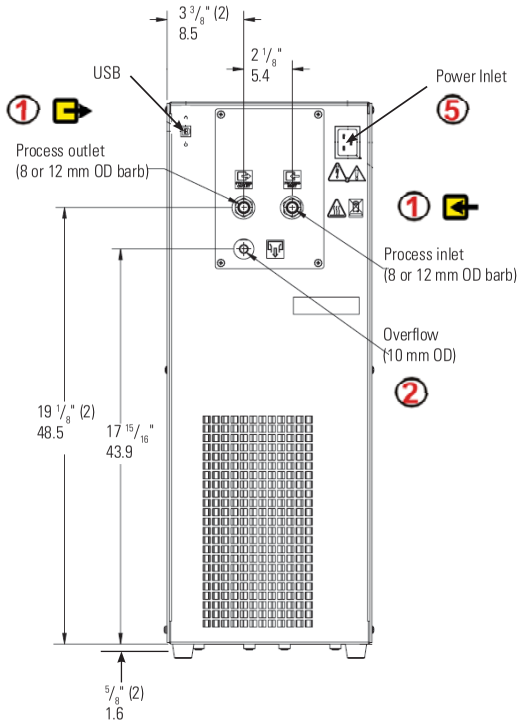
Never use flammable or corrosive fluids with this chiller.

Never connect process fluid lines to your facility water supply or to any pressurized liquid source.

Before using any fluid or performing maintenance where contact with the fluid is likely refer to the manufacturer's MSDS for handling precautions.

**What you need to get started:**

- An adjustable wrench
- Appropriate hose or plumbing
- Appropriate size clamps or connection type




1 Ensure that all shipping plugs are removed before installation.

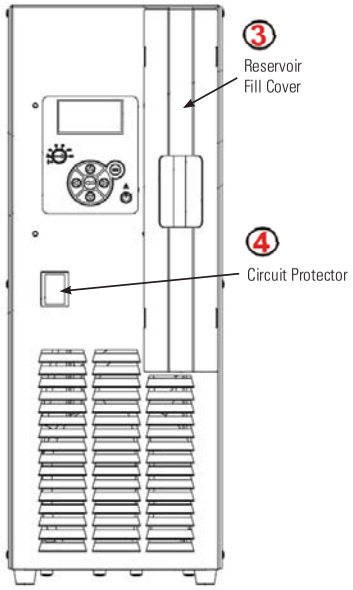
The process fluid connections are located on the rear of the chiller and are labeled (PROCESS OUTLET) and (PROCESS INLET).
Connect the PROCESS OUTLET to the fluid inlet on your application. Connect the PROCESS INLET to the fluid outlet on your application. Ensure all connections are secure.

Keep the distance between the chiller and the instrument being cooled as short as possible. To minimize back pressure, ensure tubing is as straight as possible. If diameter reductions are required, make them at the inlet and outlet of your application, not at the chiller.

2 Ensure the reservoir overflow located on the rear of the chiller is connected to a suitable drain.

**⚠ CAUTION** **To prevent damage to the chiller's plumbing, use a 19 mm backing wrench when removing/installing the external connections. ▲**

| **Table 1 - Acceptable Fluids:** |
|---|
| Use of any fluid not listed below will void the manufacturer's warranty. |
| 5°C to 80°C — Distilled Water or Deionized Water (up to 3 MΩ-cm) |
| -10°C to 80°C — 50/50 Water with Glycol |

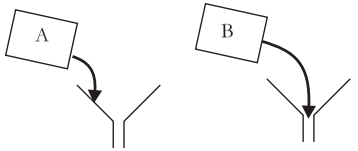



3 Lift up on the fill panel on the front of the chiller to remove it.

Start with 2.8 liters of fluid.

Insert the supplied funnel into the hose and *slowly* add fluid. Due to the chiller's plumbing configuration, adding fluid too quickly may result in overfilling - the fill level indication lags the actual amount added.

When pouring fluid into the funnel ensure the fluid contacts the side of the funnel first, A. Pouring the fluid into the center of the funnel, B, will cause air pockets and substantially slow down the filling time.




Using the fill lines, verify the desired fluid level.

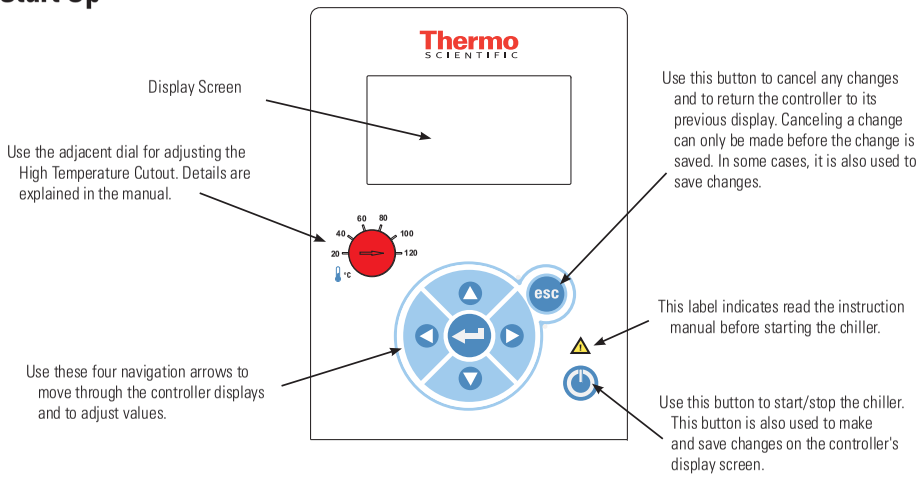
Since the reservoir capacity may be small compared to your application and air may need to be purged from the lines, have extra cooling fluid on hand to keep the system topped off when external circulation is started.

**Avoid overfilling, fluids expand when heated.**

4 Ensure the circuit protector to the off (**O**) position. I O

5 Verify the appropriate voltage. For chillers supplied with a line cord, insert female end of power cord into chiller and then insert male end of power cord into power outlet. (The line cord is located under the shipping crate's lid. Do not discard the lid until the cord is located.)

## Start Up


Thermo
SCIENTIFIC
Display Screen
Use the adjacent dial for adjusting the High Temperature Cutout. Details are explained in the manual.
Use these four navigation arrows to move through the controller displays and to adjust values.
esc
Use this button to cancel any changes and to return the controller to its previous display. Canceling a change can only be made before the change is saved. In some cases, it is also used to save changes.
This label indicates read the instruction manual before starting the chiller.
Use this button to start/stop the chiller. This button is also used to make and save changes on the controller's display screen.

**Leave chillers in an upright position at room temperature (~25°C) for 24 hours before starting. This ensures the lubrication oil has drained back into the compressor.**

**Before starting the chiller, double check all USB (optional), electrical and plumbing connections.**

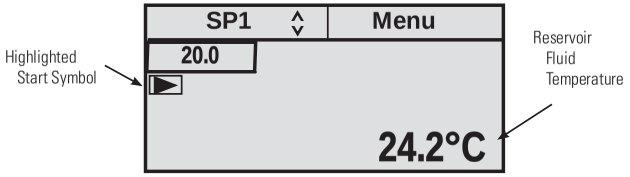
Using a flathead screwdriver, ensure the High Temperature Cutout is in the full clockwise position.

Do not run the chiller until fluid is added. Have extra fluid on hand. If the chiller will not start refer to the manual.

- Place the circuit protector located on the front of the chiller to the **I** position.
- Press , the Start Display appears.
- Ensure the start symbol has a highlight box around it, if not use the arrow keys to navigate to the symbol.
- Press . The chiller starts and the start symbol turns into a stop symbol ( ■ ).

**Note** It takes 30 seconds for the compressor to start.

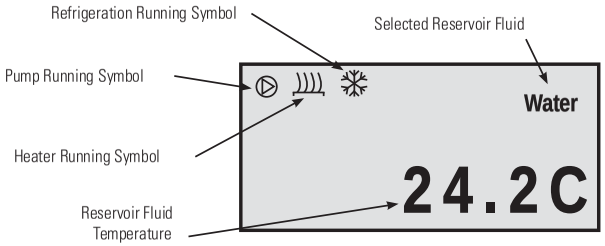
After start, check all external plumbing connections for leaks.




Start Display

The **SP1** and **Menu** portions on the top of the display are used to view and/or change the controller's settings. They are explained in detail in the manual.

If desired, press esc to bring up the Status Displays.




Status Display

If desired, press esc to toggle between the Start/Status Displays.

## Shut Dowm

Ensure the stop symbol has a box around it, if not use the arrow keys to navigate to the symbol.

Press . The chiller stops and the stop symbol turns into a start symbol ( ▶ ).

Press . The controller's screen goes blank.

Place the circuit protector on the front of the chiller to the **O** position.

**Precauciones de seguridad:**

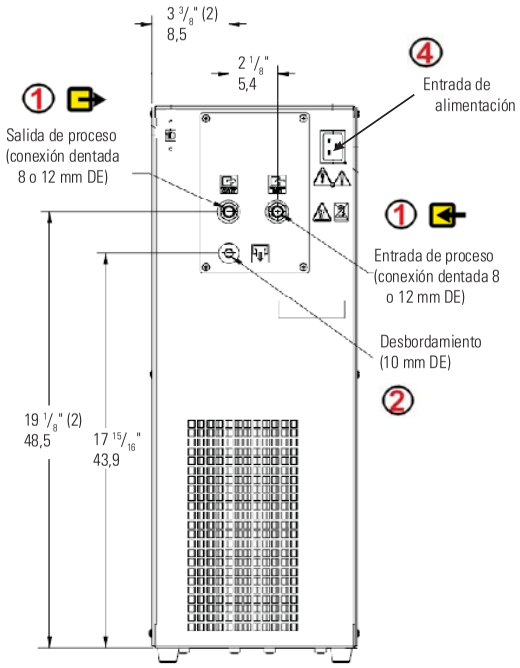
La unidad está diseñada sólo para uso interior.

No coloque nunca la unidad donde quede expuesta a exceso de calor, humedad, mala ventilación o materiales corrosivos.

No utilice nunca fluidos inflamables o corrosivos con esta unidad.

Nunca conecte líneas de fluidos de proceso al suministro de agua de la instalación ni a ninguna fuente líquida presurizada.

Antes de utilizar cualquier fluido o realizar operaciones de mantenimiento que entrañen riesgo de contacto con el fluido, consulte las precauciones de manipulación en el documento MSDS del fabricante.




**Qué se necesita para empezar:**

- Una llave inglesa ajustable
- Manguera o tubería adecuada
- Abrazaderas o tipo de conexión adecuada

1 No olvide quitar todos los tapones de transporte antes de realizar la instalación.

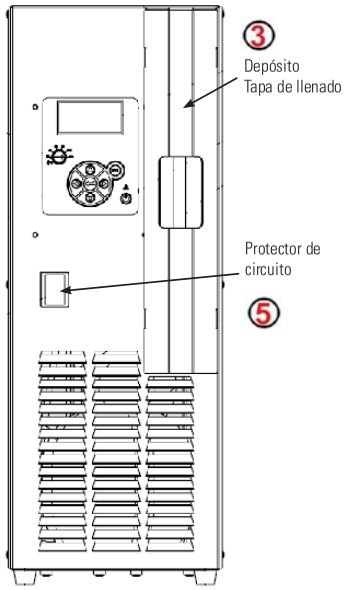
Las conexiones de fluido de proceso se encuentran en la parte posterior de la unidad y llevan las etiquetas (SALIDA DE PROCESO) y (ENTRADA DE PROCESO).
Conecte la SALIDA DE PROCESO a la entrada de fluido de su aplicación. Conecte la ENTRADA DE PROCESO a la salida de fluido de su aplicación. Cerciórese de que todas las conexiones están firmes.

Mantenga la mínima distancia posible entre la unidad y el instrumento que refrigera. Para minimizar la contrapresión, procure que los tubos queden tan rectos como sea posible. Si hace falta reducir diámetros, hágalo en la entrada y la salida de su aplicación, no en el enfriador.

2 Asegúrese de conectar a un desagüe adecuado el orificio de desbordamiento del depósito que hay en la parte posterior de la unidad.

**Para evitar que se produzcan daños en la fontanería del circulador, utilice una llave inglesa fija de 19 mm para retirar o instalar las conexiones externas.**

| **Tabla 1 - Fluidos aceptables:** |
|---|
| El uso de cualquier fluido no indicado a continuación anulará la garantía del fabricante. |
| 5°C a 80°C: agua destilada o desionizada (hasta 3 MΩ-cm) |
| -10°C a 80°C: agua con glicol 50/50 |

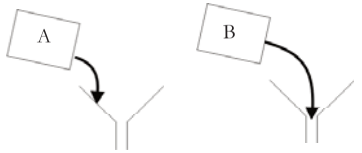



3 Levante el panel frontal de llenado de la unidad para quitarlo.

Empiece con 2,8 litros de fluido.

Inserte el embudo suministrado en la manguera y vierta el fluido *lentamente*. **NOTA:** si introduce el fluido demasiado rápido, la unidad se puede llenar en exceso, porque el indicador del nivel de llenado tarda en reflejar la cantidad añadida debido a la configuración de sus conductos.

Al echar el fluido en el embudo, cerciórese de que toca primero en el cono (A). Si el fluido cae directamente en el vástago del embudo (B), se crearán bolsas de aire que ralentizan considerablemente el llenado.




Verifique el nivel de fluido mediante las líneas de llenado.

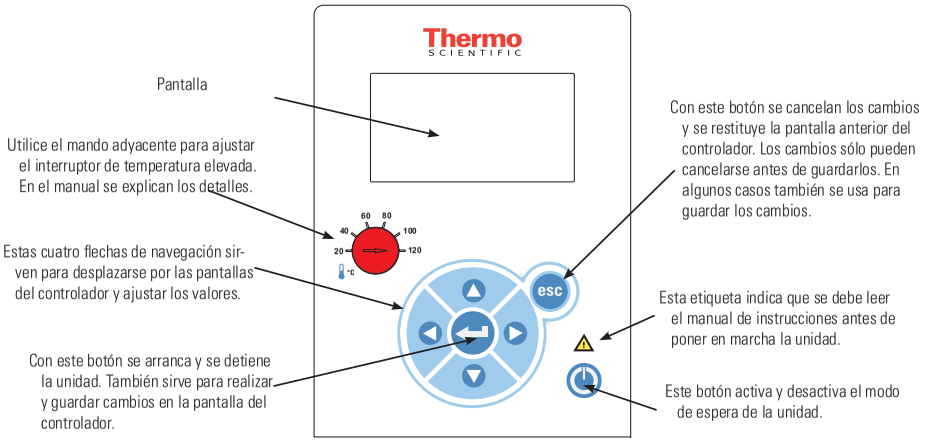
Como la capacidad del depósito puede ser pequeña para su aplicación y quizá haya que purgar aire de las conducciones, debe tener a mano más fluido refrigerante para mantener lleno el sistema cuando comience la circulación externa.

**Evite el llenado excesivo, porque los fluidos se expanden al calentarse.**

4 Verifique el voltaje apropiado. En las unidades que incluyen cable de alimentación, conecte el extremo hembra de dicho cable al enfriador y después el extremo macho a la toma de alimentación. (El cable de alimentación se encuentra bajo la tapa del cajón de embalaje. No tire la tapa sin haber localizado el cable.)

5 Coloque el protector de circuito en la posición de encendido ( **I** ).

## Puesta en marcha


Thermo
SCIENTIFIC
Pantalla
Utilice el mando adyacente para ajustar el interruptor de temperatura elevada. En el manual se explican los detalles.
Estas cuatro flechas de navegación sirven para desplazarse por las pantallas del controlador y ajustar los valores.
Con este botón se arranca y se detiene la unidad. También sirve para realizar y guardar cambios en la pantalla del controlador.
esc
Con este botón se cancelan los cambios y se restituye la pantalla anterior del controlador. Los cambios sólo pueden cancelarse antes de guardarlos. En algunos casos también se usa para guardar los cambios.
Esta etiqueta indica que se debe leer el manual de instrucciones antes de poner en marcha la unidad.
Este botón activa y desactiva el modo de espera de la unidad.

**Las unidades deben mantenerse en posición vertical a temperatura ambiente (~25°C) durante 24 horas antes de ponerlas en marcha. Así se asegura que el aceite lubricante ha vuelto al compresor.**

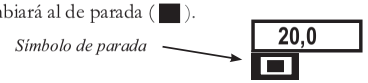
**Antes de poner en marcha la unidad, verifique todas las conexiones USB (opcional), eléctricas y de conducciones.**

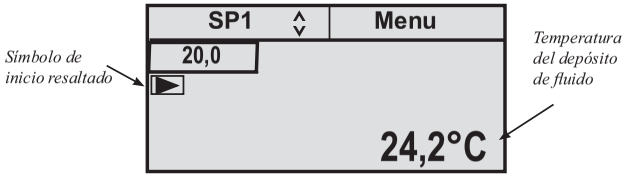
No ponga en marcha la unidad sin haberle añadido el fluido. Tenga a mano fluido adicional. Si la unidad no arranca, consulte el manual.

- Coloque en la posición **I** el protector de circuito que hay en la parte frontal de la unidad.

- Pulse y aparecerá la pantalla de inicio.
- Compruebe si el símbolo de inicio está rodeado por un cuadro resaltado; de lo contrario, utilice los botones de flecha para ir a dicho símbolo.
- Pulse . La unidad arrancará y el símbolo de inicio cambiará al de parada ( ■ ).

**NOTA:** El compresor tarda 30 segundos en arrancar.



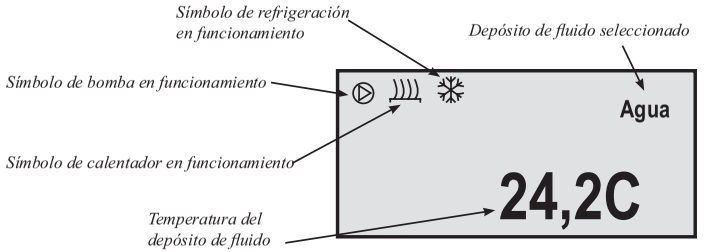




*Pantalla de inicio*

Después de arrancar, busque posibles fugas en todas las conexiones de conductos externas.

Las áreas **SP1** y **Menu** de la parte superior de la pantalla sirven para ver y/o cambiar los ajustes del controlador. Se explican en detalle en el manual.

Para ver las pantallas de estado, pulse esc .




*Pantalla de estado*

Para cambiar entre las pantallas de inicio/estado, pulse esc .

## Apagado

- Compruebe si el símbolo de parada está rodeado por un cuadro; de lo contrario, utilice los botones de flecha para ir a dicho símbolo.
- Pulse . La unidad se detiene y el símbolo de parada cambia al de inicio ( ▶ ).
- Pulse . La pantalla del termostato queda en blanco.
- Coloque en la posición **O** el protector de circuito que hay en la parte frontal de la unidad.

**Sicherheitsvorkehrungen:**

Das Gerät darf nur in geschlossenen Räumen betrieben werden.

Stellen Sie das Gerät niemals an Orten auf, wo es übermäßiger Hitze, Feuchtigkeit, unzureichender Belüftung oder korrosiven Stoffen ausgesetzt ist.

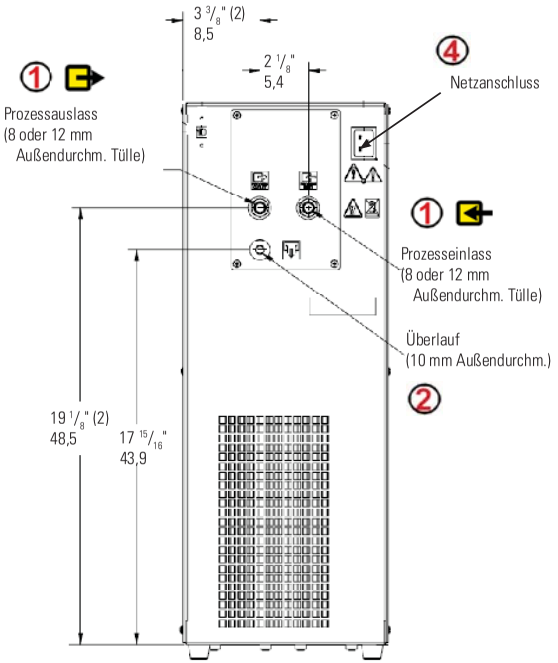
Verwenden Sie niemals brennbare oder korrosive Flüssigkeiten in diesem Gerät.

Schließen Sie niemals Prozessflüssigkeitsleitungen an die Kühlwasserversorgung oder an einen Anschluss für unter Druck stehende Flüssigkeiten an.

Bevor Sie Flüssigkeiten einsetzen oder eine Wartung durchführen, bei denen Sie möglicherweise mit Flüssigkeiten in Berührung kommen, beachten Sie die im Sicherheitsdatenblatt des Herstellers beschriebenen Vorsichtsmaßnahmen.

**Sie benötigen:**

- einen verstellbaren Schraubenschlüssel
- passende Schläuche bzw. Leitungen
- passende Klemmen oder Anschlussstücke




1 Vor der Installation müssen alle Transportstopfen entfernt worden sein.

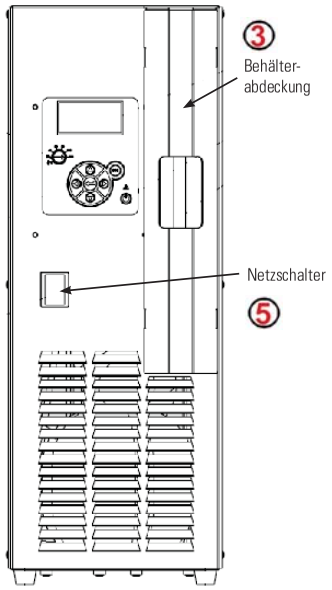
Die Anschlüsse für die Prozessflüssigkeit befinden sich auf der Geräterückseite und sind mit den Symbolen (PROZESSFLÜSSIGKEITSAUSLASS) und (PROZESSFLÜSSIGKEITSEINLASS) gekennzeichnet.
Verbinden Sie den PROZESSFLÜSSIGKEITSAUSLASS mit dem Flüssigkeitseinlass Ihrer Applikation. Verbinden Sie den PROZESSFLÜSSIGKEITSEINLASS mit dem Flüssigkeitsauslass Ihrer Applikation. Alle Verbindungen müssen fest und sicher sitzen.

Halten Sie den Abstand zwischen dem Gerät und dem zu kühlenden Instrument so klein wie möglich. Zur Minimierung des Rückstaudruckes müssen die Schläuche möglichst gerade verlaufen. Wenn kleinere Durchmesser erforderlich sind, sollten diese am Ein- und Auslass Ihrer Applikation und nicht am Kühlaggregat angeschlossen werden.

2 Der auf der Rückseite des Gerätes befindliche Behälterüberlaufstutzen muss an einen geeigneten Abfluss angeschlossen sein.

**Um Beschädigungen der Thermostatanschlüsse zu vermeiden, verwenden Sie beim Entfernen/ Installieren der externen Anschlüsse einen 19 mm-Gabelschlüssel.**

| **Tabelle 1 - Zulässige Flüssigkeiten:** |
|---|
| Die Verwendung anderer Flüssigkeiten als der nachstehend aufgeführten führt zum Verlust der Herstellergarantie. |
| 5°C bis 80°C — destilliertes oder deionisiertes Wasser (bis zu 3 MΩ-cm) |
| -10°C bis 80°C — Wasser mit Glykol im Mischungsverhältnis 50:50 |

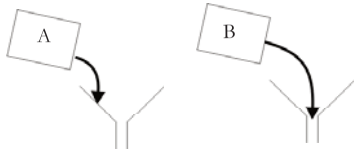



3 Behälterabdeckung an der Gerätevorderseite hochheben, um sie zu entfernen.

Füllen Sie zunächst 2,8 l Flüssigkeit ein.

Stecken Sie den mitgelieferten Trichter in den Schlauch und befüllen Sie den Behälter *langsam*. **HINWEIS** Wegen der Konstruktion des Gerätebehälters kann ein zu schnelles Befüllen zu Überfüllungen führen - die Füllstandsanzeige besitzt eine gewisse Verzögerung, sodass die tatsächlich eingefüllte Menge etwas über der Füllstandsanzeige liegt.

Achten Sie beim Befüllen des Behälters darauf, dass die Flüssigkeit an der Trichterseite in den Behälter läuft, A. Durch Gießen der Flüssigkeit direkt in die Trichtermitte (B) bilden sich Luftblasen, die die Füllzeit erheblich verlängern.




Überprüfen Sie den gewünschten Flüssigkeitsstand an den Füllmarkierungen.

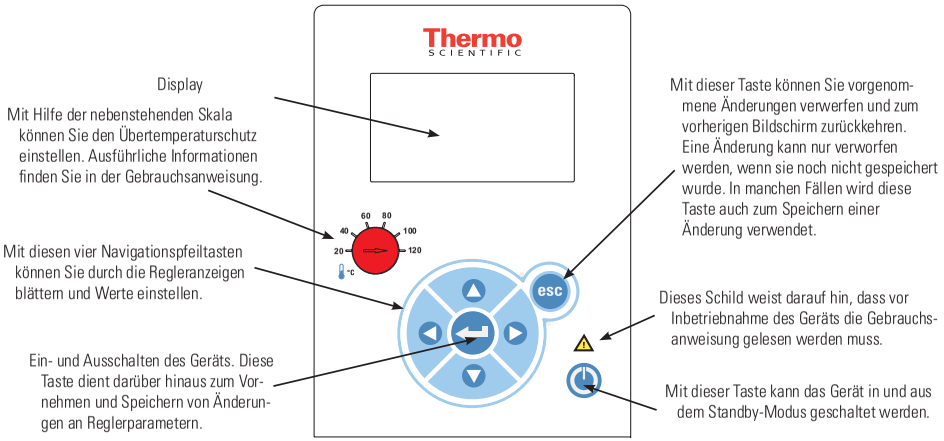
Da möglicherweise die Kapazität des Behälters im Vergleich zu Ihrer Applikation eher gering ist und Luft aus den Leitungen gespült werden muss, sollten Sie weitere Kühlflüssigkeit zum Nachfüllen bereithalten, wenn der externe Kreislauf gestartet wird.

**Vermeiden Sie Überfüllungen - Flüssigkeiten dehnen sich bei Erwärmung aus.**

4 Kontrollieren Sie, dass die korrekte Spannung eingestellt ist. Stecken Sie bei Geräten mit Stromkabel zunächst das geräteseitige Ende in das Kühlgerät und anschließend den Stecker in eine Steckdose. (Das Stromkabel befindet sich unter dem Deckel der Transportkiste. Werfen Sie den Transportverpackung erst weg, wenn Sie das Stromkabel herausgeholt haben.)

5 Schalten Sie den Netzschalter in die Stellung ( **I** ).

## Einschalten


Thermo
SCIENTIFIC
Display
Mit Hilfe der nebenstehenden Skala können Sie den Übertemperaturschutz einstellen. Ausführliche Informationen finden Sie in der Gebrauchsanweisung.
Mit diesen vier Navigationspfeiltasten können Sie durch die Regleranzeigen blättern und Werte einstellen.
Ein- und Ausschalten des Geräts. Diese Taste dient darüber hinaus zum Vornehmen und Speichern von Änderungen an Reglerparametern.
esc
Mit dieser Taste können Sie vorgenommene Änderungen verwerfen und zum vorherigen Bildschirm zurückkehren. Eine Änderung kann nur verworfen werden, wenn sie noch nicht gespeichert wurde. In manchen Fällen wird diese Taste auch zum Speichern einer Änderung verwendet.
Dieses Schild weist darauf hin, dass vor Inbetriebnahme des Geräts die Gebrauchsanweisung gelesen werden muss.
Mit dieser Taste kann das Gerät in und aus dem Standby-Modus geschaltet werden.

**Vor dem Einschalten muss das Gerät mindestens 24 Stunden lang bei ~25°C in aufrechter Position gestanden haben. Dadurch wird gewährleistet, dass das Schmieröl zurück in den Kompressor fließt.**

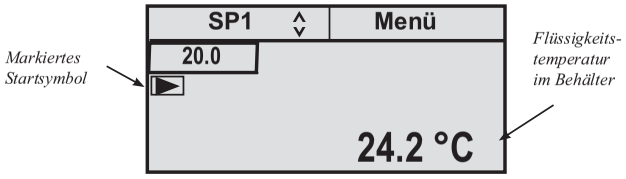
**Inspizieren Sie vor dem Einschalten alle elektrischen Anschlüsse, Schlauchverbindungen und (optional) USB-Kabelanschlüsse.**

Das Gerät niemals mit leerem Behälter betreiben. Halten Sie zusätzliche Flüssigkeit griffbereit. Konsultieren Sie die Gebrauchsanweisung, wenn sich das Gerät nicht einschaltet.

- Schalten Sie den Netzschalter auf der Gerätevorderseite in die Stellung **I**.
- Drücken Sie auf . Die Startanzeige erscheint.
- Das Startsymbol muss hervorgehoben sein. Gehen Sie mit den Pfeiltasten zu diesem Symbol, wenn dies nicht der Fall ist.
- Drücken Sie . Das Gerät wird gestartet, und statt dem Startsymbol wird jetzt das Stoppsymbol ( ) angezeigt.

**HINWEIS** Es dauert 30 Sekunden, bis der Kompressor anläuft.

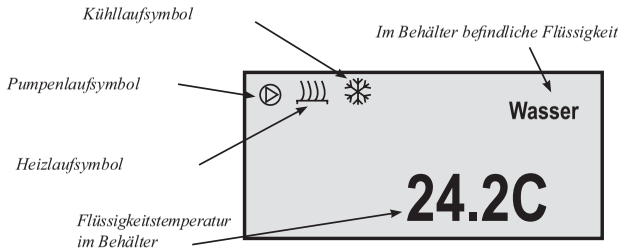
Überprüfen Sie nach dem Start alle externen Schlauchanschlüsse auf Dichtheit.




*Startanzeige*

Über die Optionen **SP1** und **Menü** am oberen Bildschirmrand können die Reglereinstellungen angezeigt und/oder geändert werden. Sie werden ausführlich in der Gebrauchsanweisung erläutert.

Drücken Sie bei Bedarf auf esc, um die Statusanzeigen einzublenden.




*Statusanzeige*

Drücken Sie bei Bedarf auf esc, um zwischen der Startanzeige und den Statusanzeigen umzuschalten.

## Ausschalten

Achten Sie darauf, dass das Stopp-Symbol in einem Kästchen erscheint. Navigieren Sie mit den Pfeiltasten auf das Symbol, wenn dies nicht der Fall ist.

Drücken Sie . Das Gerät wird gestoppt, und statt dem Stoppsymbol wird jetzt das Startsymbol ( ) angezeigt.

Drücken Sie . Das Thermostat-Display erlischt.

Schalten Sie den Netzschalter auf der Gerätevorderseite in die Stellung **O**.

**Consignes de sécurité :**

Cet appareil est exclusivement destiné à une utilisation intérieure.

Ne jamais l'exposer à une chaleur ou une humidité excessive, à une ventilation inadéquate ou à des matières corrosives.

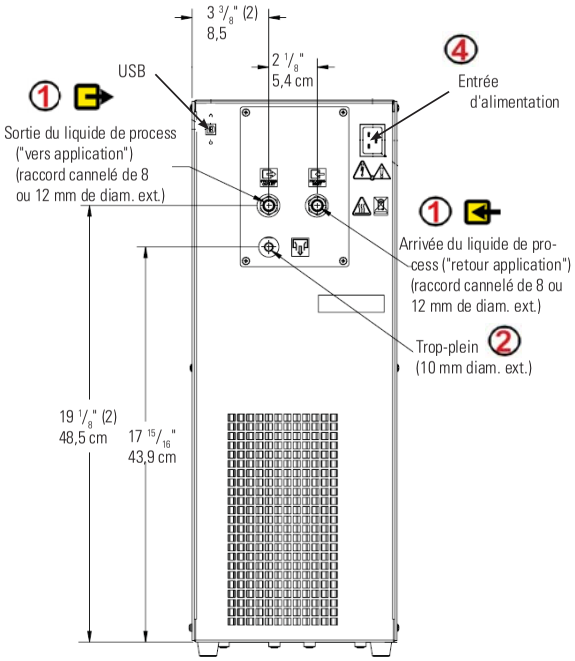
Ne jamais utiliser de liquides inflammables ou corrosifs avec cet appareil.

Ne jamais raccorder les conduites de liquide de process à l'arrivée d'eau de votre site ou à une source de liquide sous pression.

Avant d'utiliser un quelconque liquide ou d'effectuer des travaux d'entretien susceptibles d'entraîner un contact avec le liquide, consulter la fiche technique santé-sécurité du fabricant.

**Matériel requis pour démarrer :**

- clé à molette
- flexible et matériel de plomberie approprié
- colliers de serrage ou raccord adaptateur de taille appropriée


3 3/8" (2)
8,5
2 1/8"
5,4 cm
USB
Entrée d'alimentation
Sortie du liquide de process ("vers application") (raccord cannelé de 8 ou 12 mm de diam. ext.)
Arrivée du liquide de process ("retour application") (raccord cannelé de 8 ou 12 mm de diam. ext.)
Trop-plein (10 mm diam. ext.)
19 1/8" (2)
48,5 cm
17 15/16"
43,9 cm

① Veiller à enlever tous les bouchons d'expédition avant l'installation.

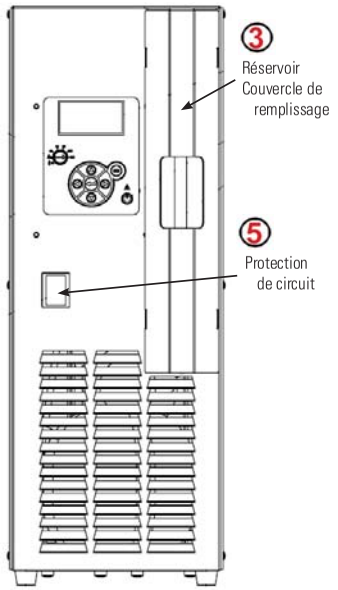
Les raccords fluidiques se situent à l'arrière de l'appareil et sont étiquetés (SORTIE DE LIQUIDE "VERS APPLICATION") et (ARRIVÉE DE LIQUIDE "RETOUR APPLICATION").
Raccorder la SORTIE DE LIQUIDE DE PROCESS "VERS APPLICATION" à l'arrivée de liquide de l'application. Raccorder L'ARRIVÉE DE LIQUIDE DE PROCESS "RETOUR APPLICATION" à la sortie de liquide de l'application. S'assurer que tous les raccords sont bien serrés.

Maintenir la plus courte distance possible entre l'appareil et l'instrument refroidi. Pour minimiser la contre-pression, s'assurer que la tubulure est la plus droite possible. Si des réductions de diamètre s'imposent, les réaliser à l'arrivée et à la sortie de l'application, et pas du côté refroidisseur.

② S'assurer que le trop-plein du réservoir situé à l'arrière de l'appareil est raccordé à une conduite de vidange adaptée.

**Afin d'éviter d'endommager la tuyauterie du circulateur, utiliser une clé de maintien de 19 mm pour retirer/installer les connexions externes.**

| **Tableau 1 – Liquides autorisés :** |
|---|
| L'utilisation d'un quelconque liquide ne figurant pas dans la liste ci-dessous annule la garantie du fabricant. |
| 5 à 80 °C — eau distillée ou désionisée (3 MΩ-cm max.) |
| -10 à 80 °C — mélange eau/glycol 50/50 |

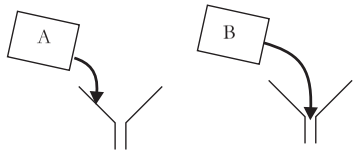



③ Soulever le panneau de remplissage sur l'avant de l'appareil pour l'enlever.

Démarrer avec 2,8 litres de liquide.

Insérer l'entonnoir fourni dans le flexible et ajouter *progressivement* du liquide. **REMARQUE** Étant donné la configuration de la plomberie de l'appareil, l'ajout trop rapide de liquide risque de causer un remplissage excessif - l'indication de niveau au repère de remplissage a un léger retard par rapport au volume ajouté.

Le versement de liquide dans l'entonnoir garantit que le liquide est tout d'abord en contact avec la paroi de l'entonnoir (A). Le versement de liquide au centre de l'entonnoir (B) cause des poches d'air et ralentit sensiblement le temps de remplissage.




Vérifier si l'appareil contient le niveau de liquide souhaité d'après les repères.

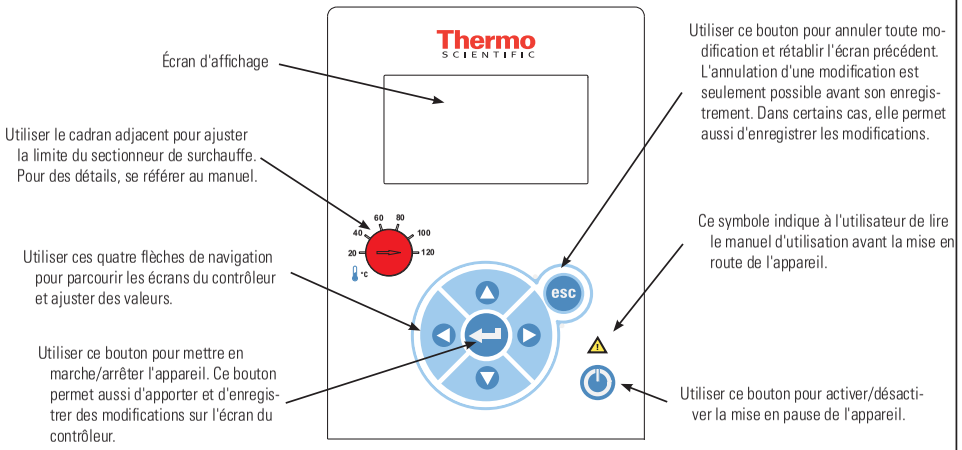
La capacité du réservoir pouvant être réduite par rapport à l'application et de l'air pouvant être purgé des conduites, garder du liquide d'appoint à portée de la main pour faire le niveau du système une fois la circulation externe démarrée.

**Éviter de trop remplir les récipients - les liquides se dilatent quand ils chauffent.**

④ Vérifier si la tension est correcte. Pour les appareils fournis avec un cordon d'alimentation, insérer la prise femelle de ce dernier dans le refroidisseur et la prise mâle dans la prise secteur. (Le cordon d'alimentation se trouve sous le couvercle de la caisse d'expédition. Ne pas jeter le couvercle avant d'avoir localisé le cordon.)

⑤ Placer la protection de circuit en position ( I ).

## Mise en route


Thermo
SCIENTIFIC
esc
Écran d'affichage
Utiliser le cadran adjacent pour ajuster la limite du sectionneur de surchauffe. Pour des détails, se référer au manuel.
Utiliser ces quatre flèches de navigation pour parcourir les écrans du contrôleur et ajuster des valeurs.
Utiliser ce bouton pour mettre en marche/arrêter l'appareil. Ce bouton permet aussi d'apporter et d'enregistrer des modifications sur l'écran du contrôleur.
Utiliser ce bouton pour annuler toute modification et rétablir l'écran précédent. L'annulation d'une modification est seulement possible avant son enregistrement. Dans certains cas, elle permet aussi d'enregistrer les modifications.
Ce symbole indique à l'utilisateur de lire le manuel d'utilisation avant la mise en route de l'appareil.
Utiliser ce bouton pour activer/désactiver la mise en pause de l'appareil.

**Les appareils doivent rester à la verticale à température ambiante (~25 °C) pendant 24 heures avant leur mise en marche. Ainsi, l'huile lubrifiante sera renvoyée au compresseur.**

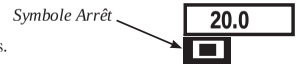
**Avant de démarrer l'appareil, vérifier tous les connecteurs USB, électriques, et les raccords de plomberie.**

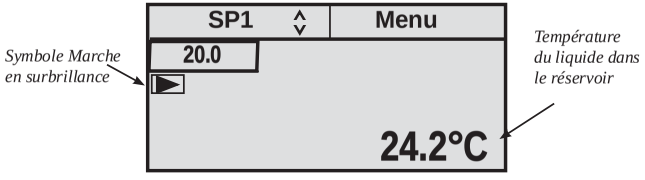
Ne pas mettre l'appareil en marche sans liquide à l'intérieur. Avoir du liquide d'appoint sous la main. Si l'appareil ne démarre pas, se reporter au manuel.

- Placer la protection de circuit située à l'avant de l'appareil en position **I**.
- Appuyer sur : l'écran de démarrage s'affiche.
- S'assurer que le symbole Marche est encadré d'une surbrillance ; sinon, utiliser les touches fléchées pour naviguer jusqu'au symbole.
- Appuyer sur . L'appareil démarre et le symbole Marche est remplacé par le symbole Arrêt (■).

**REMARQUE** Le démarrage du compresseur prend 30 secondes environ.

Après démarrage, vérifier l'étanchéité de tous les raccords de plomberie externes.

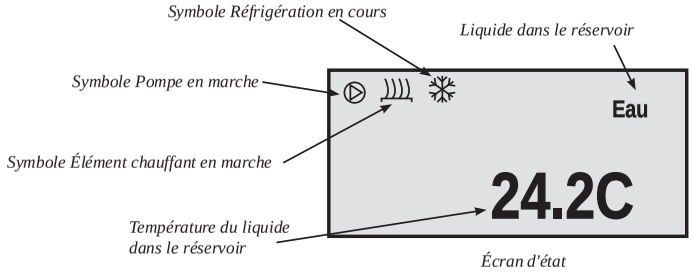



*Écran de démarrage*

Les sections **SP1** et **Menu** en haut de l'écran permettent d'afficher et/ou de modifier les paramètres du contrôleur. Pour des détails, se référer au manuel.

Au besoin, appuyer sur esc pour afficher les écrans d'état.




*Écran d'état*

Au besoin, appuyer sur esc pour basculer entre l'écran de démarrage et l'écran d'état.

## Arrêt

S'assurer que le symbole Arrêt est encadré d'une surbrillance ; sinon, utiliser les touches fléchées pour naviguer jusqu'au symbole.

Appuyer sur . L'appareil démarre et le symbole Arrêt est remplacé par le symbole Marche (▶).

Appuyer sur . L'écran du thermostat s'efface.

Placer la protection de circuit située à l'avant de l'appareil en position **O**.

**Veiligheidsmaatregelen:**

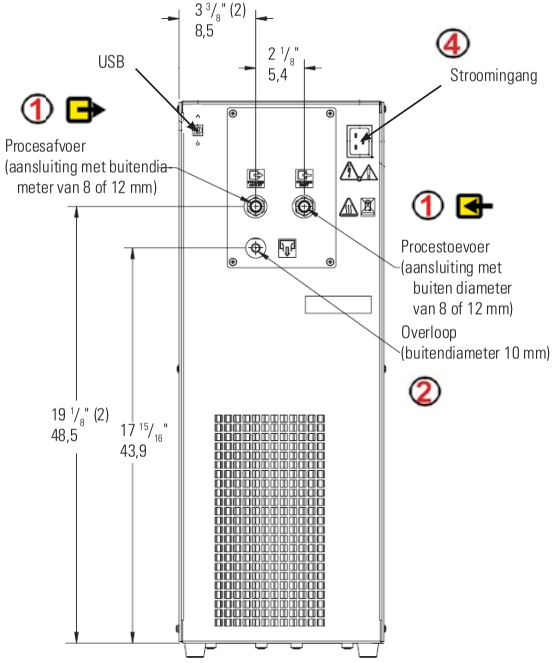
De unit is alleen ontworpen voor gebruik binnenshuis.

Plaats een unit nooit op een plek met overmatige warmte, vocht, onvoldoende ventilatie of corrosieve materialen.

Gebruik nooit ontvlambare of corrosieve vloeistoffen met deze unit.

Sluit nooit proces vloeistofleidingen aan op de gebouw water voorziening of andere vloeistofbronnen onder druk.

Raadpleeg voordat u vloeistoffen gebruikt of onderhoud uitvoert op plekken waar mogelijk contact is met vloeistof, de veiligheidsbladen van de fabrikant voor voorzorgsmaatregelen.




**Dit heeft u nodig om te kunnen beginnen:**

- Een verstelbare steeksleutel
- Een geschikte slang of leiding
- Klemmen van de juiste grootte of type aansluiting

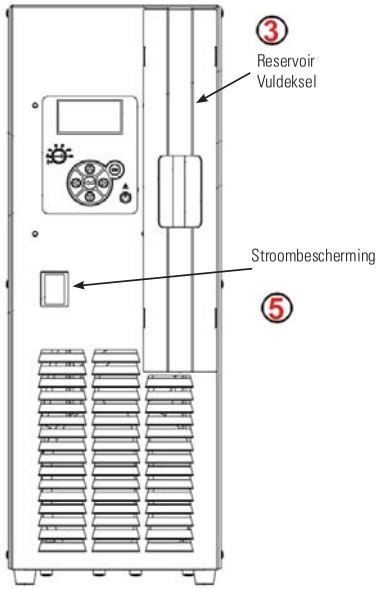
1 Zorg ervoor dat alle verzendpluggen verwijderd worden voor de installatie.

De aansluitingen voor de procesvloeistof bevinden zich op de achterzijde van de unit en zijn als volgt gelabeld: (PROCESAFVOER) en (PROCESTOEVOER). Sluit de PROCESAFVOER aan op de vloeistoftoevoer op uw toepassing. Sluit de PROCESTOEVOER aan op de vloeistofafvoer op uw toepassing. Zorg ervoor dat alle aansluitingen veilig zijn.

Houd de afstand tussen de unit en het instrument dat gekoeld wordt zo kort mogelijk. Zorg dat de leidingen zo recht mogelijk zijn om tegendruk zo klein mogelijk te houden. Als verkleiningen van de diameter vereist zijn, maak deze dan bij de toevoer en de afvoer van uw toepassing, niet bij de koeler.

2 Zorg ervoor dat de reservoir-overloop op de achterkant van de unit wordt aangesloten op een geschikte afvoer.

| **Tabel 1 – Toegestane vloeistoffen:** |
|---|
| Door gebruik van vloeistoffen die niet hieronder worden vermeld komt de fabrieksgarantie te vervallen. |
| 5°C tot 80°C — Gedestilleerd of gedeïoniseerd water (tot maximaal 3 MΩ-cm) |
| -10°C tot 80°C — 50/50 water met glycol |

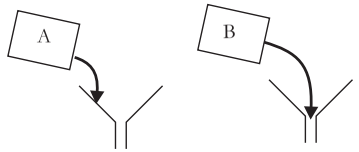



3 Til het vulpaneel op de voorkant van de unit op om het te verwijderen.

Begin met 2,8 liter vloeistof.

Steek de bijgeleverde trechter in de slang en voeg *langzaam* vloeistof toe. **OPMERKING** Door de configuratie van de leidingen van de unit kan het te snel toevoegen van vloeistof leiden tot overvulling - de indicatie van het vulniveau blijft dan achter bij de werkelijk toegevoegde hoeveelheid.

Wanneer u vloeistof in de trechter giet, moet u ervoor zorgen dat de vloeistof eerst de kant van de trechter raakt, A. Als u de vloeistof in het midden van de trechter giet, B, kunnen er luchtzakken ontstaan en kost het vullen aanzienlijk meer tijd.




Controleer het gewenste vloeistofniveau met behulp van de vullijnen.

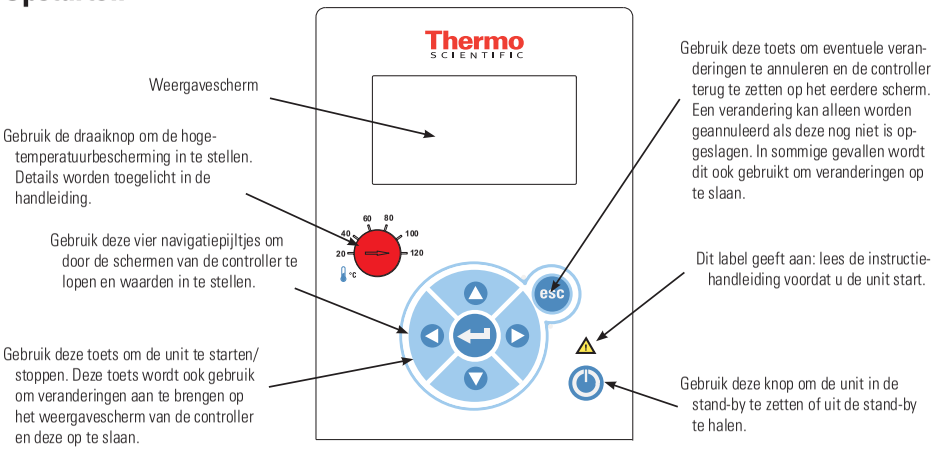
Aangezien de capaciteit van het reservoir klein kan zijn in vergelijking tot uw toepassing en het nodig kan zijn dat er lucht uit de leidingen geblazen moet worden, dient u extra koelvloeistof bij de hand te houden om het systeem bijgevuld te houden als de uitwendige circulatie wordt gestart.

**Vul het reservoir niet te vol; vloeistoffen zetten uit bij verwarming.**

4 Controleer de juiste spanning. Voor units die worden geleverd met een netsnoer, steek de vrouwelijke kant van de stroomkabel in de koeler en steek de mannelijke kant van de stroomkabel in de vermogensuitgang. (Het netsnoer bevindt zich onder de deksel van de transportdoos. Gooi het deksel niet weg voordat u het snoer heeft gevonden.)

5 Zet de stroombeschermer op de aan ( I )-stand.

## Opstarten


Thermo
SCIENTIFIC
esc
Weergavescherm
Gebruik de draaiknop om de hoge-temperatuurbescherming in te stellen. Details worden toegelicht in de handleiding.
Gebruik deze vier navigatiepijltjes om door de schermen van de controller te lopen en waarden in te stellen.
Gebruik deze toets om de unit te starten/stoppen. Deze toets wordt ook gebruik om veranderingen aan te brengen op het weergavescherm van de controller en deze op te slaan.
Gebruik deze toets om eventuele veranderingen te annuleren en de controller terug te zetten op het eerdere scherm. Een verandering kan alleen worden geannuleerd als deze nog niet is opgeslagen. In sommige gevallen wordt dit ook gebruikt om veranderingen op te slaan.
Dit label geeft aan: lees de instructie-handleiding voordat u de unit start.
Gebruik deze knop om de unit in de stand-by te zetten of uit de stand-by te halen.

**Units moeten gedurende 24 uur voordat ze gestart worden rechtop staan bij kamertemperatuur (~25°C). Hierdoor wordt gegarandeerd dat de smeerolie teruggelopen is in de compressor.**

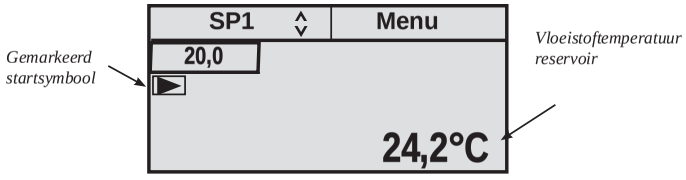
**Controleer voordat u de unit start alle USB en elektrische aansluitingen en de aansluitingen van de vloeistofleidingen.**

Schakel de unit niet in voordat u vloeistof heeft toegevoegd. Houd extra vloeistof bij de hand. Als de unit niet start, raadpleeg dan de handleiding.

- Zet de stroombeschermer op de voorkant van de unit in de **I**-stand.
- Druk op , het Startscherm verschijnt.
- Controleer of het startsymbool gemarkeerd is; als dit niet het geval is, gebruik dan de pijltjestoetsen om naar het symbool te navigeren.
- Druk op . De unit start en het startsymbool verandert in een stopsymbool ( ).

**OPMERKING** Het duurt 30 seconden voordat de compressor start.

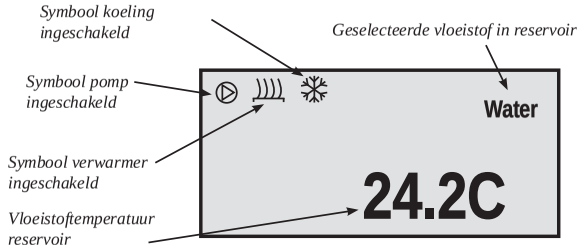
Controleer na het starten alle externe leidingen op lekken.




*Startscherm*

De gedeeltes **SP1** en **Menu** bovenaan het scherm worden gebruikt om de instellingen van de controller af te lezen bekijken en/of te wijzigen. Deze worden uitgebreid beschreven in de handleiding.

Druk indien gewenst op esc om de statusschermen te openen.




*Statusscherm*

Druk indien gewenst op esc om heen en weer te gaan tussen de start-/statusschermen.

## Uitschakelen

Controleer of het stopsymbool gemarkeerd is; als dit niet het geval is, gebruik dan de pijltjestoetsen om naar het symbool te navigeren.

Druk op . De unit stopt en het stopsymbool verandert in een startsymbool ( ).

Druk op . Het thermostaatscherm wordt blanco.

Zet de stroombeschermer op de voorkant van de unit in de **O**-stand.

**Scopo di questa guida rapida è facilitare la messa in funzione iniziale. Per tutte le altre procedure è necessario fare riferimento al manuale. Se alcuni dei passaggi qui riportati non risultano chiari, scaricare il manuale prima di proseguire.**

**Sicurezza:**

- Il refrigeratore è progettato esclusivamente per l'uso al chiuso. Non posizionare mai il refrigeratore in un ambiente a temperature eccessivamente alte, umido, con ventilazione inadeguata o materiali corrosivi.
- Attaccare il refrigeratore a una presa correttamente collegata a massa.
- I refrigeranti utilizzati sono più pesanti dell'aria e sostituiranno l'ossigeno causando la perdita di coscienza. Il contatto con refrigeranti fuoriusciti causa ustioni della pelle. Per ulteriori informazioni, fare riferimento alla targhetta identificativa del refrigeratore e alla scheda di sicurezza dei materiali (MSDS) più recente.
- Spostare il refrigeratore con cautela. Cadute o urti improvvisi possono danneggiarne i componenti. Spegnere sempre l'apparecchiatura e scollegarla dalla tensione di alimentazione, prima di spostarla.
- La protezione di circuito serve a proteggere il refrigeratore. Il cavo di alimentazione del refrigeratore è progettato per funzionare come dispositivo di interruzione; posizionare il refrigeratore in modo tale che il cavo possa essere raggiunto con facilità.
- Non azionare apparecchiature danneggiate o che presentino perdite.
- Onde evitare danni alle tubature del refrigeratore, usare una controchiave da 19 mm per la rimozione/ l'installazione dei collegamenti esterni.
- Utilizzare solo i liquidi approvati riportati nella tabella 1. Prima di utilizzare liquidi o eseguire eventuali interventi di manutenzione che potrebbero implicare il contatto con il liquido, fare riferimento alle schede di sicurezza dei materiali (MSDS) del produttore per le precauzioni d'uso.
- Lasciare i refrigeratori in posizione verticale a temperatura ambiente (~25 °C) per 24 ore prima dell'avvio. Questa operazione garantisce il rientro dell'olio lubrificante nel compressore.

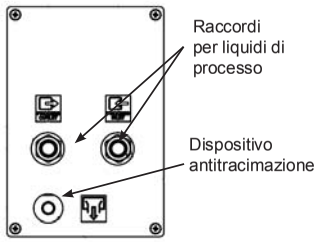
**Tabella 1 - Liquidi di processo approvati:**

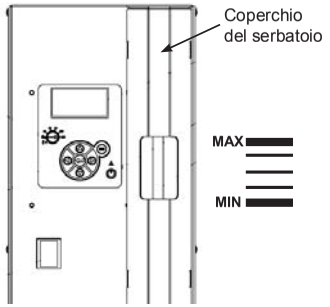
L'uso di qualsiasi altro liquido annullerà la garanzia del produttore.

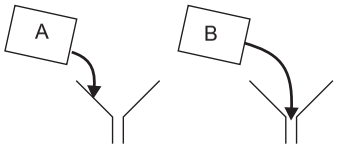
| |
|---|
| **Da +5 °C a +80 °C** |
| Acqua distillata/filtrata (pH 7-8) |
| Acqua deionizzata (massimo 1 MΩ-cm, compensata) |
| Acqua distillata con biocida o inibitore Nalco |
| Acqua distillata con cloro (5 ppm) |
| **Da -10 °C a 80 °C** |
| 0 – 50% etilenglicole/acqua per laboratorio |

**Elementi necessari per la messa in funzione:**

- Liquidi approvati
- Chiavi regolabili
- Tubature adeguate
- Tipologia di fascette o collegamenti di dimensioni adeguate




Assicurarsi che i tappi di spedizione siano stati rimossi dai raccordi delle tubature prima di procedere all'installazione.

I raccordi flangiati per il liquido di processo con diametro esterno di 8 o 12 mm sono posizionati nella parte posteriore del refrigeratore e sono etichettati con (uscita di processo) e (ingresso di processo). Collegare l'uscita di processo all'ingresso liquidi dell'apparecchiatura. Collegare l'ingresso di processo all'uscita liquidi dell'apparecchiatura. Accertarsi che tutti i collegamenti siano ben fissati.

Mantenere la più breve distanza possibile tra il refrigeratore e lo strumento da raffreddare. Per ridurre al minimo la contropressione, assicurarsi che il tubo sia il più dritto possibile. Se è necessario ridurre il diametro, procedere alla restrizione all'ingresso e all'uscita dell'apparecchiatura, non del refrigeratore.

Assicurarsi che il dispositivo antitracimazione sia collegato ad uno scarico adeguato.

Sollevare il pannello di riempimento posto sulla parte frontale del refrigeratore per rimuoverlo.

Inserire l'imbuto fornito in dotazione nel tubo e aggiungere il liquido lentamente, iniziando con 2,8 litri. Data la conformazione delle tubature del refrigeratore, un'aggiunta troppo rapida del liquido potrebbe determinare una tracimazione (l'indicazione del livello di riempimento è inferiore rispetto alla quantità realmente inserita).

Quando si versa il liquido nell'imbuto, assicurarsi che il liquido entri dapprima in contatto con le pareti dell'imbuto, A. L'inserimento del liquido direttamente al centro dell'imbuto, B, determina la creazione di sacche d'aria e allunga in maniera sostanziale il tempo di riempimento.

Usare gli indicatori di riempimento per verificare il livello di riempimento desiderato.

Poiché la capacità del serbatoio potrebbe essere inferiore al necessario per l'apparecchiatura interessata e potrebbe essere necessario spurgare l'aria dalle tubazioni, tenere a portata di mano del liquido di raffreddamento di riserva per rabboccare il sistema all'avvio del ricircolo esterno.

**Non riempire eccessivamente; i liquidi si espandono quando riscaldati.**

Assicurarsi che la protezione di circuito sia in posizione off ( **O** ).

Per i refrigeratori dotati di cavo di alimentazione, inserire l'estremità femmina del cavo di alimentazione nel refrigeratore e l'estremità maschio nella presa di corrente. (Il cavo di alimentazione si trova sotto il coperchio della cassa per la spedizione. Non gettare il coperchio fino a quando non si trova il cavo.)

Non azionare il refrigeratore prima di aver aggiunto il liquido nel serbatoio. Tenere del liquido di riserva a portata di mano.

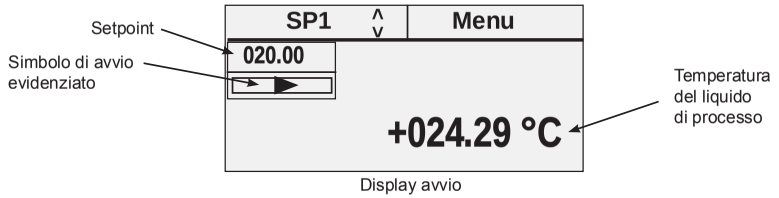
Fare riferimento alla targhetta identificativa per i requisiti elettrici specifici. Sono ammesse deviazioni di tensione di ±10%. La presa deve essere ritenuta idonea per il consumo di energia totale.

Portare la protezione di circuito in posizione ( **I** ).

Premere ; viene visualizzato il Display avvio.

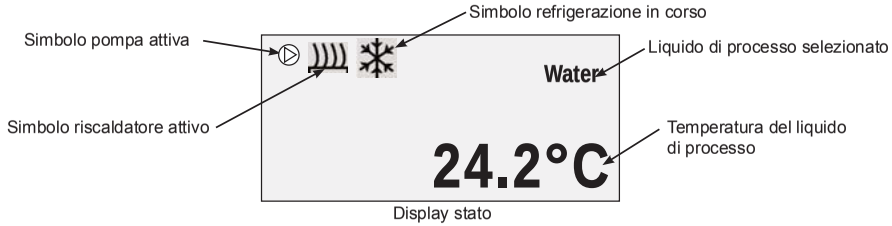
Assicurarsi che il simbolo di avvio sia evidenziato; in caso contrario usare i tasti di direzione per spostarsi sul simbolo.

Premere . Il refrigeratore si avvia e il simbolo di avvio si trasforma in un simbolo di interruzione . La pompa si avvia immediatamente, mentre per il compressore sono necessari 30 secondi.




Display avvio

Se lo si desidera, premere esc per visualizzare il Display stato. Premere esc per alternare i Display avvio/stato.




Display stato

Dopo l'avvio, controllare tutti i collegamenti dei tubi per escludere eventuali perdite.

Regolare il dispositivo di sicurezza HTC (High Temperature Cutout); fare riferimento al manuale.

**Bu hızlı başlangıç kılavuzu yalnızca ilk çalıştırma prosedürüne yöneliktir. Diğer tüm prosedürler için kılavuza bakın. Ayrıca, burada yer alan adımlarla ilgili emin olmadığınız noktalar varsa devam etmeden önce kılavuzu indirin.**

**Güvenlik:**

• Soğutucu yalnızca kapalı mekanda kullanıma yöneliktir. Soğutucuyu hiçbir zaman aşırı sıcak, nemli, yeterli havalandırması olmayan veya aşındırıcı malzemelerin bulunduğu bir ortama yerleştirmeyin.

• Soğutucuyu uygun şekilde topraklanmış bir prize bağlayın.

• Kullanılan soğutucu akışkanlar, havadan ağır oldukları için ortamdaki oksijenin yerine geçerek bilinç kaybına yol açabilir. Sızan soğutucu akışkanlara temas edilmesi cilt yanıklarına yol açar. Ek bilgi için soğutucunun ad plakasına ve üreticinin en güncel Malzeme Güvenlik Bilgi Formuna (MSDS) bakın.

• Soğutucuyu dikkatli bir şekilde taşıyın. Ani sarsıntılar ve ürünün düşürülmesi bileşenlere zarar verebilir. Ekipmanı taşımadan önce mutlaka kapatın ve şebeke bağlantısını kesin.

• Devre koruması, soğutucunun korunması için tasarlanmıştır. Soğutucunun hat kablosu, bağlantı kesme aracı olarak kullanılmak üzere tasarlanmıştır; soğutucuyu kabloya rahatlıkla erişilebilecek bir şekilde konumlandırın.

• Hasarlı veya sızıntı yapan ekipmanı asla çalıştırmayın.

• Soğutucu borularının zarar görmesini önlemek için harici bağlantıları sökerken/takarken destek anahtarı olarak 19 mm'lik anahtar kullanın.

• Yalnızca Tablo 1'de gösterilen onaylı sıvıları kullanın. Sıvıya temas etme ihtimali olan yerlerde herhangi bir sıvı kullanmadan veya bakım yapmadan önce kullanımla ilgili önlemler hakkında bilgi almak için üreticinin MSDS belgesine bakın.

• Soğutucuları, çalıştırmadan önce oda sıcaklığında (~25°C'de) dik konumda 24 saat süreyle beklemeye bırakın. Bu şekilde yağlama yağı tekrar kompresöre boşalmış olur.

**Tablo 1 - Onaylı İşlem Sıvıları:**

Başka herhangi bir sıvı kullanılması durumunda üretici garantisi geçersiz olur.

**+5°C ila +80°C**

Filtrelenmiş/bir kez damıtılmış su (pH 7-8)

Deiyonize su (maksimum 1 MΩ-cm, dengelenmiş)

Nalco biyosit ve inhibitör eklenmiş damıtılmış su

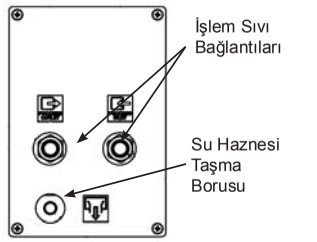
Klor eklenmiş damıtılmış su (5 ppm)

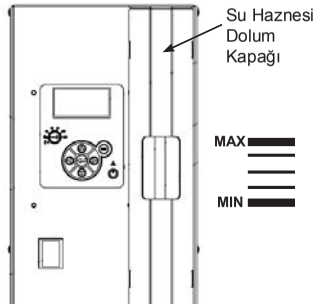
**-10°C ila 80°C**

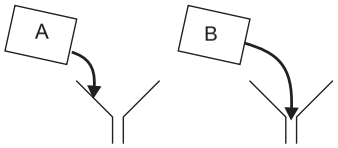
%0 – 50 Laboratuvar Sınıfı Etilen Glikol/Su

**Başlangıç için gerekli malzemeler:**

• Onaylı sıvı
• Ayarlanabilir İngiliz anahtarları
• Uygun hortum veya boru bağlantıları
• Uygun boyda kelepçeler veya bağlantı tipi




Kurulumdan önce nakliye tapalarının boru bağlantılarından çıkarıldığından emin olun.

İşlem sıvısı 8 veya 12 mm OD uç bağlantıları soğutucunun arkasında yer alır ve (işlem çıkış noktası) ile (işlem giriş noktası) olarak etiketlenmiştir. İşlem çıkış noktasını uygulamanızdaki sıvı giriş noktasına bağlayın. İşlem giriş noktasını uygulamanızdaki sıvı çıkış noktasına bağlayın. Tüm bağlantıların güvenli olduğundan emin olun.

Soğutucu ile soğutulan cihaz arasındaki mesafeyi olabildiğince kısa tutun. Arka basıncı en aza indirmek için hortumların olabildiğince düz olduğundan emin olun. Çapın azaltılması gerekiyorsa bunu soğutucuda değil, uygulamanızdaki giriş ve çıkış noktalarında yapın.

Su haznesi taşma borusunun uygun bir tahliye yoluna bağlandığından emin olun.

Soğutucunun önündeki doldurma panelini çıkarmak için yukarı kaldırın.

Tedarik edilen huniyi hortuma yerleştirin ve 2.8 litreden başlayarak sıvıyı yavaşça ekleyin. Soğutucunun boru yapılandırması nedeniyle sıvının çok hızlı eklenmesi, cihazın fazla doldurulmasına sebep olabilir ve doluluk oranı göstergesi, eklenen miktarı göstermekte gecikir.

Sıvıyı huniden dökerken sıvının ilk önce huninin kenarlarına (A) değdiğinden emin olun. Sıvıyı huninin ortasından (B) dökmek, hava ceplerinin oluşmasına neden olur ve doldurma süresini büyük ölçüde yavaşlatır.

Doldurma çizgilerinden yararlanarak, istenen sıvının istenen seviyede doldurulduğunu doğrulayın.

Su haznesinin kapasitesi uygulamanızın kapasitesine göre az olabileceği ve havanın hatlardan dışarı atılması gerekebileceğinden, harici sirkülasyon başladığında sistemin tamamen suyla dolu olması için hazırda fazladan soğutma sıvısı bulundurun.

**Aşırı sıvı doldurmayın; sıvılar ısındığında genleşir.**

Devre koruyucusunun kapalı konumda ( **O** ) olduğundan emin olun.

Hat kablosuyla birlikte sağlanan soğutucularda, güç kablosunun dişi ucunu soğutucunun içine yerleştirin; ardından güç kablosunun erkek ucunu güç çıkış noktasına bağlayın. (Hat kablosu nakliye kutusunun kapağının altındadır. Kablo bulunana kadar kapağı atmayın.)

Su haznesine sıvı eklenmeden soğutucuyu çalıştırmayın. Hazırda fazladan sıvı bulundurun.

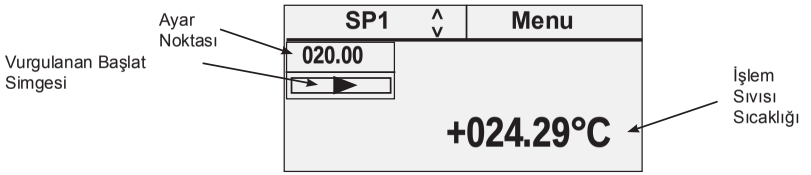
Spesifik elektrik gereksinimleri için ad plakasına bakın. ± %10'luk gerilim sapmalarına izin verilir. Priz, toplam güç tüketimine uygun değerde olmalıdır.

Devre koruyucusunu açık ( **I** ) konuma getirin.

düğmesine basın, Başlangıç Ekranı görüntülenir.

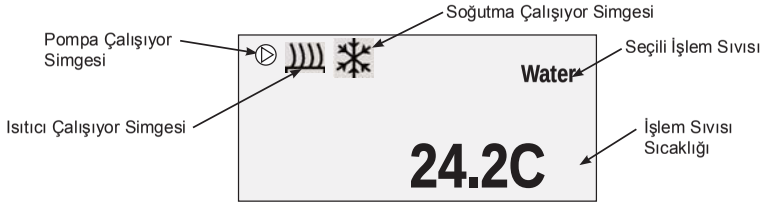
Başlat simgesinin ( ) vurgulandığından emin olun; simge vurgulanmıyorsa ok tuşlarını kullanarak simgeye gidin.

düğmesine basın. Soğutucu çalışır ve başlat simgesi durdur simgesine ■ dönüşür. Pompa derhal çalışır, fakat kompresörün çalışması 30 saniye kadar sürer.




Başlangıç Ekranı

İsterseniz esc düğmesine basarak Durum Ekranını görüntüleyebilirsiniz. Başlangıç/Durum Ekranları arasında geçiş yapmak için esc düğmesine basın.




Durum Ekranı

Ürünü çalıştırdıktan sonra sızıntı olup olmadığını belirlemek için tüm boru bağlantılarını kontrol edin.

Yüksek Sıcaklık Kapatma (HTC) güvenlik cihazını ayarlayın; kılavuza bakın.

**Den här snabbstartguiden är endast avsedd att användas vid den första starten. För övriga procedurer ska du läsa handboken. Om du är osäker på något av nedanstående steg ska du också ladda ned och läsa handboken innan du fortsätter.**

**Säkerhet:**

- Kylsystemet är endast avsett för inomhusbruk. Placera aldrig kylsystemet på ett ställe som är onormalt varmt,fuktigt eller dåligt ventilerat, eller där frätande material förekommer.
- Anslut kylsystemet till ett jordat eluttag.
- Kylmedierna som används är tyngre än luft och tränger undan syret, vilket leder till medvetslöshet. Ett läckande kylmedium orsakar brännskador om det kommer i kontakt med huden. Läs märkplåten på kylsystemet och det senaste databladet om materialsäkerhet från tillverkaren för mer information.
- Var försiktig när du flyttar kylsystemet. Plötsliga skakningar eller fall kan skada dess komponenter. Stäng alltid av utrustningen och dra ut nätsladden innan du flyttar den.
- Kretsskyddets funktion är att skydda kylsystemet. Nätsladden till kylsystemet fungerar som en frånkopplingsenhet. Placera kylsystemet så att du enkelt kommer åt nätsladden.
- Använd aldrig utrustning som är skadad eller läcker.
- För att undvika skador på kylsystemets rör ska en säkerhetsnyckel på 19 mm användas när de externa anslutningarna tas bort eller installeras.
- Använd endast de godkända vätskor som visas i tabell 1. Innan du använder någon vätska eller utför underhåll där vätska kan tänkas komma i kontakt med huden ska du läsa databladet om materialsäkerhet från tillverkaren om hanteringsrutiner.
- Låt kylsystemen stå i upprätt läge i rumstemperatur (ca 25 °C) i 24 timmar före start. Detta säkerställer att smörjolja har runnit tillbaka in i kompressorn.

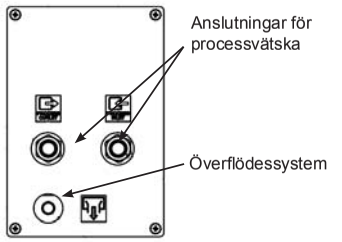
**Tabell 1 – godkända processvätskor:**

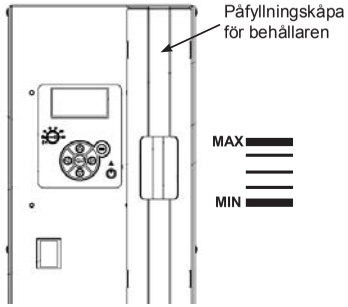
Om någon annan vätska används gäller inte tillverkarens garanti.

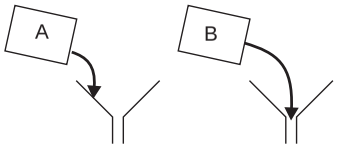
| |
|---|
| **+5 °C till +80 °C** |
| Filtrerat/enkeldestillerat vatten (pH 7–8) |
| Avjoniserat vatten (max 1 MΩ-cm, kompenserat) |
| Destillerat vatten med Nalco-biocid/-hämmare |
| Destillerat vatten med klor (5 ppm) |
| **-10 °C till 80 °C** |
| 0–50 % laboratorieklassad etylenglykol/vatten |

**Du behöver följande för att komma igång:**

- godkänd vätska
- skiftnycklar
- lämpliga slangar eller rör
- klämmor av lämplig storlek eller anslutningstyp.




Säkerställ att transportpluggar tas bort från röranslutningar före installation.

Slangnipplar för processvätska med en yttre diameter på 8 eller 12 mm sitter på baksidan av kylsystemet och är märkta med (processutlopp) och (processingång). Anslut processutloppet till vätskans inlopp på din applikation. Anslut processingången till utloppet för vätskan på din applikation. Se till att alla anslutningar är säkra.

Håll avståndet mellan kylsystemet och det instrument som kyls så kort som möjligt. Se till att slangen är så rak som möjligt för att minimera mottryck. Om diameterminskningar är nödvändiga: gör dem vid in- och utloppet till din applikation, inte på kylsystemet.

Se till att behållarens överflödessystem är anslutet till en lämplig dränering.

Lyft upp påfyllningspanelen på framsidan av kylaren och ta bort den.

Sätt i den medföljande tratten i slangen och tillsätt vätskan långsamt. Börja med 2,8 liter. Kylsystemets rör är konfigurerade så att för snabb påfyllning av vätska resulterar i att för mycket vätska fylls på – indikationen för fyllnadsnivån är fördröjd i förhållande till den faktiska mängden som tillsätts.

När du häller vätska i tratten måste du se till att vätskan kommer i kontakt med sidan av tratten först, A. Om vätskan hälls i mitten av tratten, B, bildas luftfickor och det tar betydligt längre tid att fylla på vätskan.

Kontrollera den önskade vätskenivån med hjälp av påfyllningslinjerna.

Eftersom behållarens kapacitet kan vara liten i förhållande till din applikation, och luft kan behöva rensas bort från ledningarna, ska du ha extra kylvätska till hands så att du kan fylla på systemet när extern cirkulation startas.

**Undvik överfyllning; vätskor expanderar när de värms upp.**

Se till att kretsskyddet är i avstängt ( **O** ) läge.

För kylsystem som levereras med en anslutningskabel, sätter du in honänden av nätkabeln i kylsystemet och därefter hanänden av nätkabeln i eluttaget. (Anslutningskabeln sitter under transportlådans lock. Släng inte locket förrän kabeln har hittats.)

Starta inte kylsystemet förrän vätska har fyllts på i behållaren. Se till att ha extra vätska till hands.

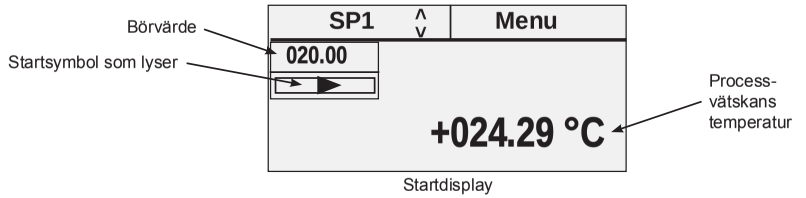
Se märkplåten för specifika elektriska krav. Spänningsavvikelser på ± 10 % är tillåtna. Eluttaget måste vara klassat som lämpligt för den totala strömförbrukningen.

Sätt kretsskyddet i påslaget ( **I** ) läge.

Tryck på så visas startdisplayen.

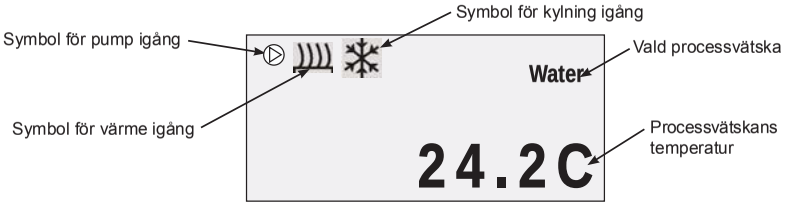
Kontrollera att startsymbolen lyser. Om den inte gör det använder du piltangenterna till att navigera till symbolen.

Tryck på . Kylsystemet startar och startsymbolen ändras till en stoppsymbol. Pumpen startar direkt, men för kompressorn tar det 30 sekunder.



Startdisplay

Om du vill kan du trycka på esc för att visa statusdisplayen. Tryck på esc för att växla mellan start- och statusdisplayen.



Statusdisplay

Efter start ska alla röranslutningar kontrolleras så att de inte läcker.

Justera säkerhetsenheten för avstängning vid höga temperaturer (High Temperature Cutout, HTC) enligt anvisningarna i handboken.

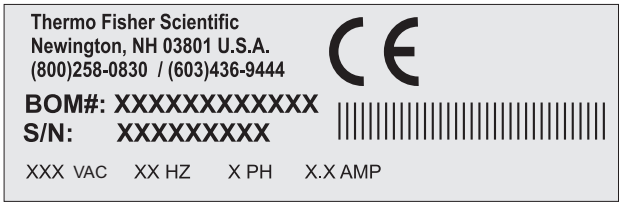
# Preface

## Compliance

Refer to the Declaration of Conformity in the back of this manual.

## After-sale Support

Thermo Fisher Scientific is committed to customer service both during and after the sale. If you have questions concerning the chiller operation, or questions concerning spare parts or Service Contracts, call our Sales, Service and Customer Support. Phone number are on the inside cover.




Sample Nameplate

Before calling, please obtain the serial number printed on the nameplate located on the upper rear of the chiller.

## Feedback

We appreciate any feedback you can give us on this manual. Please e-mail us at tcmanuals@thermofisher.com. Be sure to include the manual part number and the revision date on the front cover.

## Warranty

Thermo Scientific Cooling/Heating Recirculating Chillers have a warranty against defective parts and workmanship for 24 months from date of shipment. See back page of this manual for more details.

## Unpacking

Retain all cartons and packing material until the chiller is operated and found to be in good condition. If the chiller shows external or internal damage contact the transportation company and file a damage claim. Under ICC regulations, this is your responsibility.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**The chiller does not have handles. Take into account its weight, 66 pounds (30 kilograms), when unpacking and transporting. We recommend two people lift the chiller from the bottom. ▲**

**Note** Leave chillers in an upright position at room temperature (~25°C) for 24 hours before starting. This ensures the lubrication oil has drained back into the compressor. ▲

# Section 1 Safety

## Safety Warnings

Make sure you read and understand all instructions and safety precautions listed in this manual before installing or operating your chiller. If you have any questions concerning the operation of your chiller or the information in this manual, please contact us.

**DANGER** indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, *will* result in death or serious injury.

**WARNING** indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, *could* result in death or serious injury.

**CAUTION** indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It is also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

The lightning flash with arrow symbol, within an equilateral triangle, is intended to alert the user to the presence of non-insulated "dangerous voltage" within the chiller's enclosure. The voltage magnitude is significant enough to constitute a risk of electrical shock.

This label indicates the presence of hot surfaces.

This label indicates read the manual.

**Note** The chiller's equipment design incorporates a complete sheet metal enclosure for personnel protection from mechanical and electrical hazards. ▲

**Observe all warning labels. ▲**

**Never remove warning labels. ▲**

**The chiller's construction provides protection against the risk of electrical shock by grounding appropriate metal parts. The protection will not function unless the power cord is connected to a properly grounded outlet. It is the user's responsibility to assure a proper ground connection is provided. ▲**

**Operate the chiller using only the supplied line cords, never operate equipment with damaged cords. ▲**

**Ensure all communication and electrical connections are made prior to starting the chiller. ▲**

**The chiller's power cord is the electrical disconnecting device, it must be easily accessible at all times. ▲**

**Always turn the chiller off and disconnect the supply voltage from its power source before moving performing any service or maintenance procedures. Ensure chiller is at a safe temperature (~40°C) before handling or draining. ▲**

**Never place the chiller in a location or atmosphere where excessive heat, moisture, or corrosive materials are present. ▲**

**Leave chillers in an upright position at room temperature (~25°C) for 24 hours before starting. This ensures the lubrication oil has drained back into the compressor. ▲**

**The chiller is not designed to be floor mounted. ▲**

**Other than water, before using any fluid, or when performing maintenance where contact with the fluid is likely, refer to the manufacturer's MSDS and EC Safety Data sheet for handling precautions. ▲**

**Ensure, that no toxic gases can be generated by the fluid. Flammable gases can build up over the fluid during usage. ▲**

**Never operate the chiller without fluid in the reservoir. ▲**

**Only use approved fluids with this chiller. Use of any other fluids voids the manufacturer's warranty. ▲**

**The user is responsible for decontamination if hazardous materials are spilled. Consult the manufacturer regarding decontamination and or cleaning agents compatibility. ▲**

**Drain the chiller before it is transported and/or stored in near or below freezing temperatures, see Draining in Section 3. ▲**

**Ensure the tubing you select meets your maximum temperature and pressure requirements. ▲**

**Never operate damaged or leaking equipment. ▲**

**Never operate the chiller or add fluid to the reservoir with panels removed. ▲**

**Transport the chiller with care. Sudden jolts or drops can damage its components. ▲**

**Do not clean the chiller with solvents, only use a soft cloth and water. ▲**

**Refer service and repairs to a qualified technician. ▲**

**Performance of installation, operation, or maintenance procedures other than those described in this manual may result in a hazardous situation and voids the manufacturer's warranty. ▲**

# Element Assessment

**Chemical Used —**

R134A Refrigerant - CFC Free

Amount: 178 grams (6.7 ounces)

Location: Refrigeration system

Lubricating Oil: Polyol Ester

Amount: 243 milliliters (8.2 ounces)

Location: Compressor

**Hazard Communication —** None

**Electrical —** All electrical energy sources for the chiller are provided by the user.

**Hazardous Energy Isolation —** Locate energy isolation devices in a location that is readily accessible.

**Electrical** Remove power from the chiller by turning the circuit protector off and disconnecting the line cord, see Section 3 **Electrical Requirements**.

**Fluid** Before using any fluid refer to the manufacturer's MSDS and EC safety data sheets for handling precautions. The user is responsible to ensure the reservoir overflow located on the rear of the chiller is connected to a suitable drain.

**Refrigeration** The chiller's refrigeration system is sealed and requires no lockout/tagout.

Remove any isolation devices before starting the chiller.

**Chemicals —** Prior to decontamination, develop and employee procedures to minimize or mitigate opportunities for exposure to chemicals present in or around the chiller.

**Radioactive Material —** None

**Magnetic Fields —** None

**Sampling and Analysis for External Contaminants from Other Sources or from Spill Events** It is the responsibility of the user to identify the presence of all external chemicals before the decontamination. Accomplish this by collecting samples and analyzing them for any suspected chemicals used or stored in areas adjacent to the chiller.

**Oxygen Deficiency —** Many refrigerants which may be undetectable by human senses are heavier than air and will replace the oxygen in an enclosed area causing loss of consciousness. Refer to the chiller's nameplate and the manufacturer's most current MSDS for additional information. Test the atmosphere in a confined space area or area where gases are being used to purge the chiller. If necessary, use an air supplied respirator.

# Personal Protective Equipment

The are no special personal protective equipment requirements needed to perform normal operation. We do recommend wearing protective clothing and using eye protection.

# Training

The user must review and understand all the sections in this manual before operating the chiller.

# Section 2 General Information

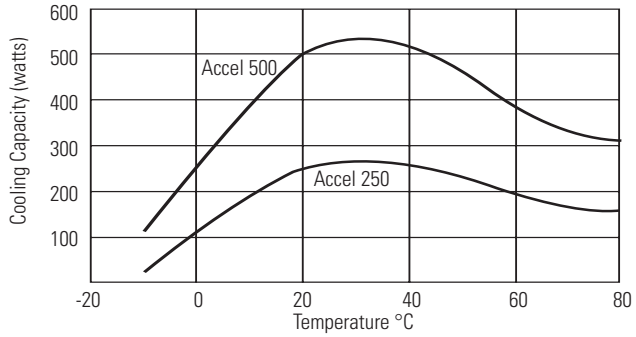
## Description and Intended Use

The Thermo Scientific Accel Series of Cooling/Heating Recirculating Chillers are designed to provide a continuous supply of fluid at a constant temperature and flow rate. The chiller consists of an air-cooled refrigeration system, heat exchanger, recirculating pump, polyethylene reservoir, and a microprocessor controller.

All chillers have a low liquid level protection device.

Chillers are designed for continuous operation and for indoor use on a work bench or table top only, not floor standing. Use the chiller in accordance with all the procedures and requirements stated in this manual.

## Specifications

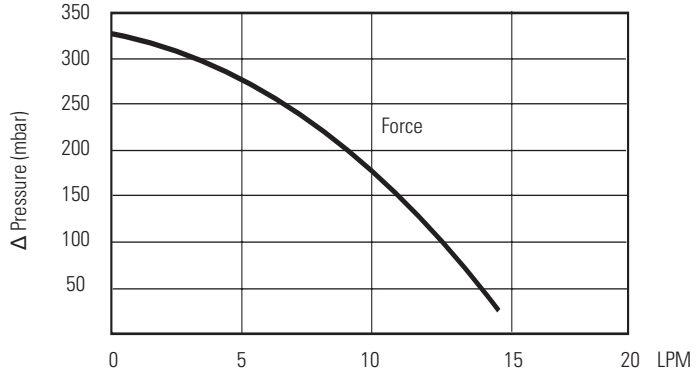
| | Accel 250 LC/Accel 500 LC | Accel 500 LT | Accel 500 LT/HT |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Process Fluid Temperature Range** | -10°C to +80°C<br>+14°F to +176°F | -25°C to +80°C<br>-13°F to +176°F | -25°C to +95°C<br>-13°F to +203°F |
| **Temperature Stability** | ±0.1°C | ±0.1°C | ±0.1°C |
| **Cooling Capacity**[1] |  | | |
| **Heater Capacity** at 20°C 50Hz/60Hz | 2.0 / 1.2 Kilowatts | 2.0 / 1.2 Kilowatts | 2.0 / 1.2 Kilowatts |
| **Nominal Weight** kg/lb | 30 / 66 | 30 / 66 | 30 / 66 |
| **Pumping Type**[2] (see next page for curves) | Force / Force-Suction | Force / Force-Suction | Force / Force-Suction |
| **Maximum Flow Rate** lpm<br>gpm | 15 / 21<br>4.0 / 5.5 | 15 / 21<br>4.0 / 5.5 | 15 / 21<br>4.0 / 5.5 |
| **Maximum Pressure** mbar<br>psi | 300 / 805<br>4.4 / 11.7 | 300 / 805<br>4.4 / 11.7 | 300 / 805<br>4.4 / 11.7 |
| **Reservoir Volume** liters/gallons | 2.8 / 0.7 | 2.8 / 0.7 | 2.8 / 0.7 |
| **Serial Interface** | USB | USB | USB |



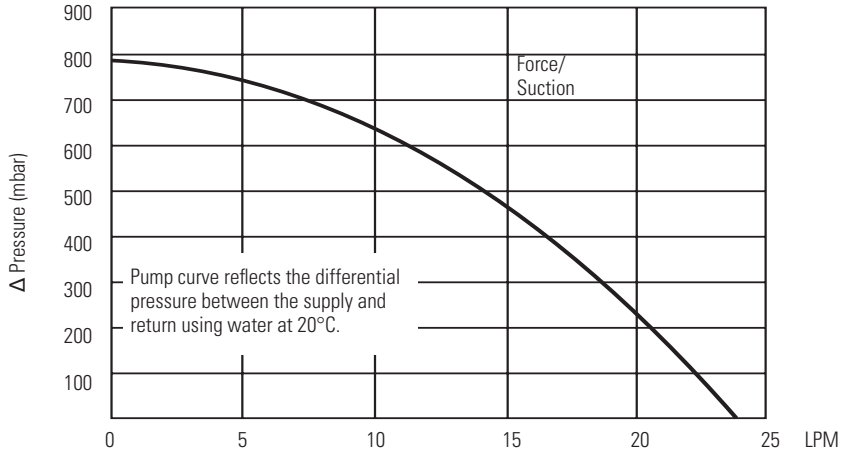
1. Specifications obtained at sea level using water (above 5°C) and 50/50 EG/Water (<5°C) as the recirculating fluid at a 20°C process setpoint, 20°C ambient condition, at nominal operating voltage. Other fluids, process temperatures, ambient temperatures, altitude or operating voltage will affect performance.
2. Nominal values ±10%. Depends on chiller's pump type, force only or force/suction. Derate 100V/50Hz chillers ~15% for maximum pressure and maximum flow.

• Thermo Fisher Scientific reserves the right to change specifications without notice.

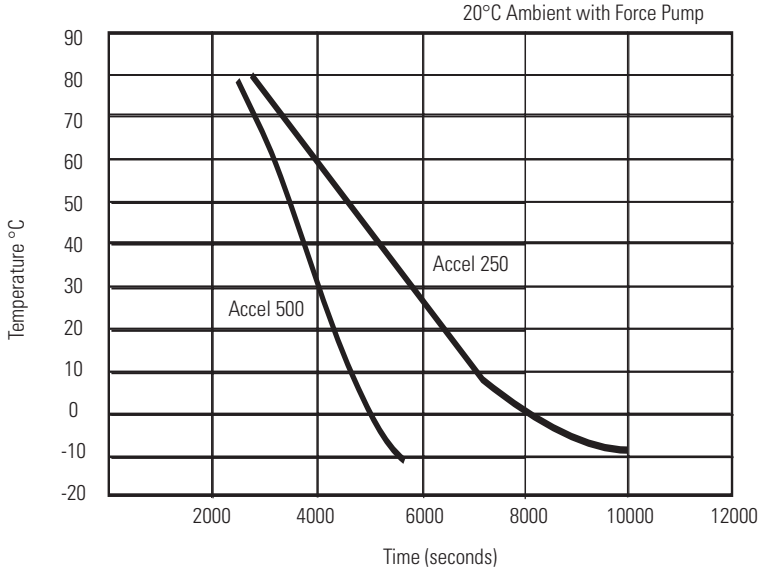
**FP1 Pumping Capacity**




**FP2 Pumping Capacity**



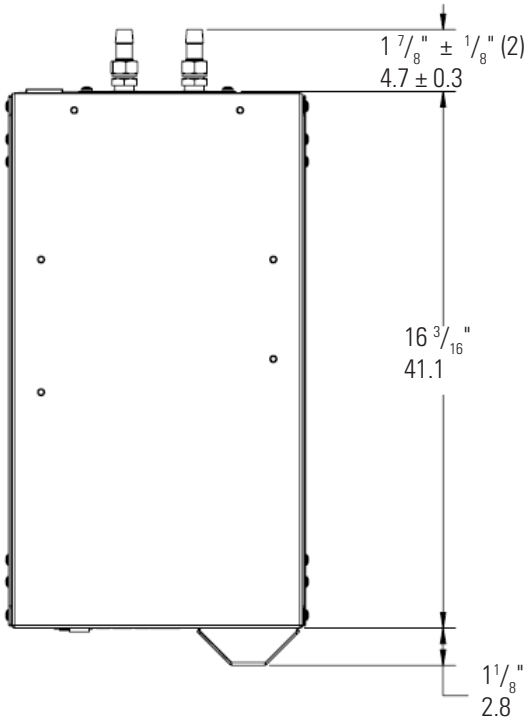

**Time to Temperature**



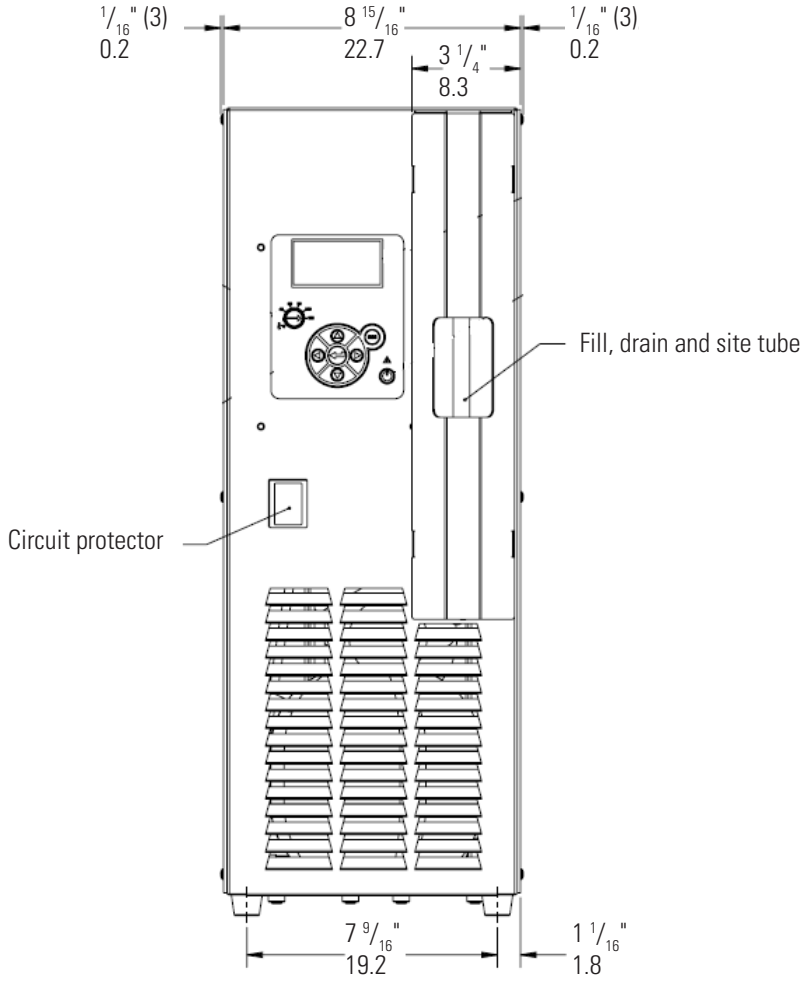
**Dimensions**
(inches/centimeters)

H x W x D
24.8 x 9.1 x 19.2 in
(62.0 x 23.2 x 48.7 cm)

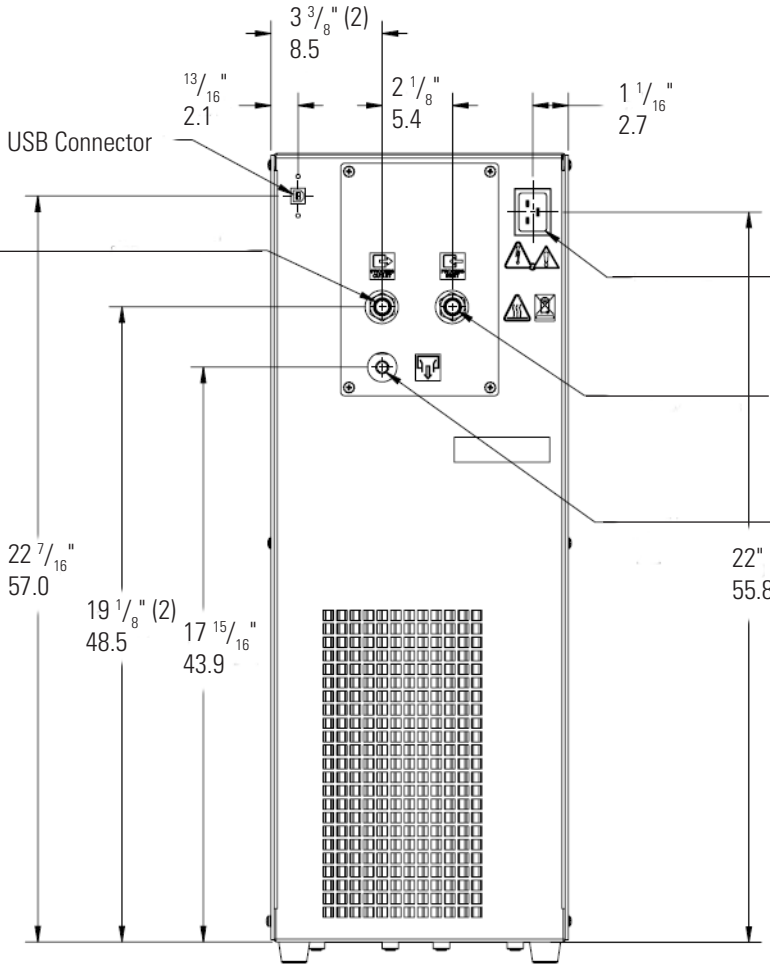
Top View



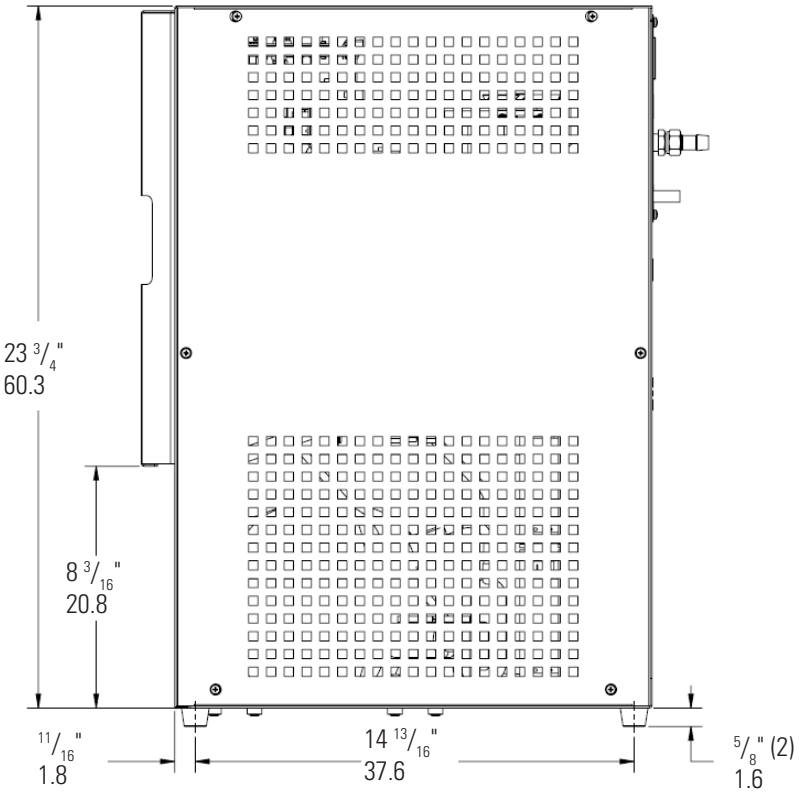

Front View



Rear View




Side View



## Equipment Ratings

| | |
|---|---|
| Compliance | CE |
| Ambient Temperature Range | 10°C to 40°C (50°F to 104°F) |
| Maximum Relative Humidity (Non Condensing)* | 0% to 80% at 31°C (88°F) |
| Operating Altitude* | Sea Level to 2000 meters (6560 feet) |
| Overvoltage Category | II |
| Pollution Degree | 2 |
| Degree of Protection | IP 20 |
| Sound Power Level | less than 58 dBA |
| Refrigerant | 6.7 ounces R134A |

*Limited by ambient temperature, elevation & operating temperature. Maximum relative humidity 80% for temperatures up to 31°C decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 35°C Elevation above sea level requires reduction of 1˚C/1000m on maximum ambient and 2%/1000m reduction in rated capacity.

The following power options are available:

| Volts[1]/Hertz/Phase | Amps[2] | Total Wattage | Plug Type |
|---|---|---|---|
| 115/60/1 | 12 | 1345 | N5-15 |
| 100/50-60/1 | 12 | 1150 | N5-15 |
| 220- 230/50/1 | 12 | 2395 | Country Specific |
| 220/60/1 | 12 | 2395 | Country Specific |

1. Vac over the range ± 10%
2. Maximum amp draw
3. Refer to chiller's nameplate for additional information

## Approved Fluids

**5°C to 80°C — Distilled Water or Deionized Water** (up to 3 MΩ-cm) Normal tap water leads to calcareous deposits necessitating frequent unit decalcification, see table on next page.

Calcium tends to deposit itself on the heating element. The heating capacity is reduced and service life shortened.

**-10°C to 80°C — 50/50 Water with Laboratory Grade Ethylene Glycol**

## Wetted Materials

| | |
|---|---|
| Viton | Vectra |
| EPDM | Stainless Steel 316 |
| Ryton | Stainless Steel 304 |
| Ultem | |

# Section 3 Installation

The desk-top chiller is designed for continuous operation and for indoor use.

**CAUTION**

**The chiller is not designed to be floor-mounted. ▲**

**CAUTION**

**Never place the chiller in a location where excessive heat, moisture, inadequate ventilation, or corrosive materials are present. ▲**

**CAUTION**

**Leave chillers in an upright position at room temperature (~25°C) for 24 hours before starting. This ensures the lubrication oil has drained back into the compressor. ▲**

## Ventilation

The chiller requires clean air for proper operation. Air enters from the rear of the chiller and exits through the sides and front.

The chiller is design to allow blocking of any two sides (except rear) without affecting rated load The ambient temperature is reduced by 3°C if two sides are blocked.

## Electrical Requirements

**DANGER**

**The chiller's construction provides protection against the risk of electrical shock by grounding appropriate metal parts. The protection will not function unless the power cord is connected to a properly grounded outlet. It is the user's responsibility to assure a proper ground connection is provided. ▲**

The chiller is intended for use on a dedicated outlet. Chillers are equipped with a C20 main power inlet and a 20 Amp circuit protector.

**Note** If the circuit protector activates allow the chiller to cool before resetting the protector. Restart the chiller. Contact us if it activates again. ▲

**CAUTION**

**The chiller's power cord is the electrical disconnecting device, it must be easily accessible at all times. ▲**

**CAUTION**

**Operate the chiller using only the supplied line cord, never operate equipment with damaged cords. ▲**

Refer to the nameplate on the rear, upper-left-hand corner of the chiller for specific electrical requirements. Voltage range deviations of ± 10% are permissible. The outlet must be rated as suitable for the total power consumption of the chiller.

## Plumbing Requirements

**CAUTION**

Ensure that all shipping plugs are removed before installation.

**Never connect the process fluid lines to your facility water supply or any pressurized liquid source. ▲**

The process fluid connections are located on the rear of the chiller and are labeled (PROCESS OUTLET) and (PROCESS INLET).

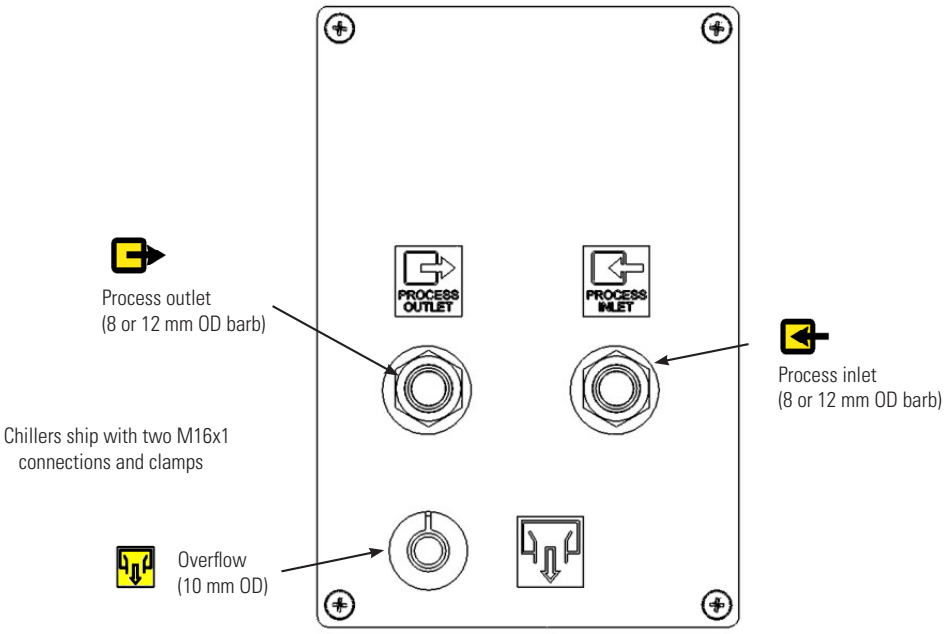
Connect the PROCESS OUTLET to the fluid inlet on your application.

Connect the PROCESS INLET to the fluid outlet on your application.

Connect the reservoir overflow to a suitable drain.

Ensure all connections are secure.

Keep the distance between the chiller and the instrument being cooled as short as possible. To minimize back pressure, ensure tubing is as straight as possible. If diameter reductions are required, make them at the inlet and outlet of your application, not at the chiller.




**CAUTION**

**To prevent damage to the chiller's plumbing, use a 19 mm backing wrench when removing/installing the external connections. ▲**

# Fluid Considerations

**DANGER**

**Only use the approved fluids listed on the next page. Never use corrosive fluids with this chiller. ▲**

**CAUTION**

**Handle and dispose all liquids, other than water, in accordance with the fluid manufacturers specification and/or the fluid MSDS. ▲**

**CAUTION**

**Always adjust the chiller's software to the fluid used, see Section 4. ▲**

**CAUTION**

**Water/ethylene glycol mixtures require top-offs with pure water, otherwise the percentage of glycol increases resulting in high viscosity and poor performance. ▲**

Thermo Fisher Scientific takes no responsibility for damages caused by the selection of an unapproved fluid.

Unapproved fluids are fluids which:

- are very highly viscous (much higher than 30 mPas at the respective working temperature)
- have corrosive characteristics or
- tend to break down at high temperatures

For fluid selection consider application requirements, operating temperature range, material compatibility, safety concerns, and environmental issues.

**Chlorine**

Short term usage of tap water may not cause any adverse affects on the chiller or your application, but in the long term problems may arise. To help alleviate these problems Thermo Fisher Scientific recommends the use of chlorine.

The duration of time that chlorine remains in solution depends on factors such as water temperature, pH and availability of direct sunlight. We recommend maintaining chlorine levels at proper levels using chlorine test strips, generally 1 to 5 ppm is adequate.

For best results, maintain the pH of the fluid between 6.5 and 7.5. Don't add additional chlorine without first determining the concentration ratio that already exists in the fluid supply. Corrosion and degradation of the circulation components can result from concentration ratios that are too high. Contact our customer support for additional information.

## Approved Fluids

**Distilled Water or Deionized Water** (up to 3 MΩ-cm)

For applications requiring resistivity greater than 1 MΩ-cm please call and speak to an applications engineer for additional information.

Normal tap water leads to calcareous deposits necessitating frequent chiller decalcification, see table on next page. Calcium tends to deposit itself on the heating element. The heating capacity is reduced and service life shortened.

**50/50, by volume, Water with Laboratory Grade Ethylene Glycol**
Below 5°C water has to be mixed with a glycol. The amount of glycol added should cover a temperature range 5°C lower than the operating temperature of the particular application. This prevents the water/glycol from gelling (freezing) near the evaporating coil.

50% ethylene glycol by volume is the maximum recommendation. Excess glycol deteriorates the temperature accuracy due to its high viscosity.

All our heat transfer fluids are supplied with an EC Safety Data Sheet.

**When selecting the heat transfer fluid ensure that no toxic gases can be generated. Inflammable gases can build up during usage. ▲**

## Water Quality and Standards

| Process Fluid | Permissible (PPM) | Desirable (PPM) |
|---|---|---|
| **Microbiologicals** | | |
| (algae, bacteria, fungi) | 0 | 0 |
| **Inorganic Chemicals** | | |
| Calcium | <25 | <0.6 |
| Chloride | <25 | <10 |
| Copper | <1.3 | <1.0 |
| | 0.020 ppm if fluid in contact with aluminum | |
| Iron | <0.3 | <0.1 |
| Lead | <0.015 | 0 |
| Magnesium | <12 | <0.1 |
| Manganese | <0.05 | <0.03 |
| Nitrates\Nitrites | <10 as N | 0 |
| Potassium | <20 | <0.3 |
| Silicate | <25 | <1.0 |
| Sodium | <20 | <0.3 |
| Sulfate | <25 | <1 |
| Hardness | <17 | <0.05 |
| Total Dissolved Solids | <50 | <10 |
| **Other Parameters** | | |
| pH | 6.5-8.5 | 7-8 |
| Resistivity | 0.01* | 0.05-0.1* |

* MΩ-cm (compensated to 25°C)

Unfavorably high total ionized solids (TIS) can accelerate the rate of galvanic corrosion. These contaminants can function as electrolytes which increase the potential for galvanic cell corrosion and lead to localized corrosion such as pitting. Eventually, the pitting becomes so extensive that refrigerant leaks into the reservoir.

As an example, raw water in the United States averages 171 ppm (of NaCl). The recommended level for use in a water system is between 0.5 to 5.0 ppm (of NaCl).

Recommendation: Initially fill the reservoir with distilled or deionized water. Do not use untreated tap water as the total ionized solids level may be too high. This reduces the electrolytic potential of the water and prevent or reduce the galvanic corrosion observed.

# Filling Requirements

**CAUTION**

**Before using any fluid refer to the manufacturer's MSDS and EC safety data sheets for handling precautions. ▲**

**Note** Ensure the reservoir overflow located on the rear of the chiller is connected to a suitable drain. ▲

Start with 2.8 liters of fluid.

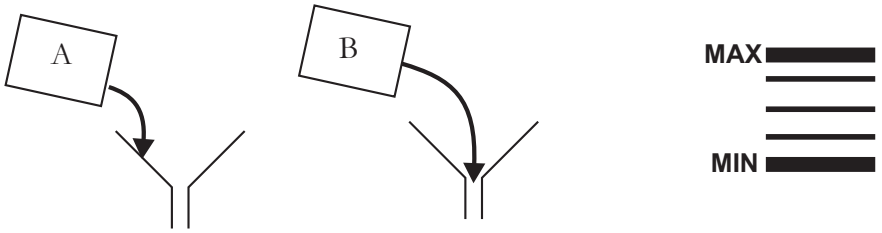
Lift up on the fill panel on the front of the chiller to remove it.

Insert the supplied funnel into the hose and *slowly* add fluid.

**Note** Due to the chiller's plumbing configuration, adding fluid too quickly may result in overfilling - the fill level indication lags the actual amount added. ▲

When pouring fluid into the funnel ensure the fluid contacts the side of the funnel first, A. Pouring the fluid into the center of the funnel, B, causes air pockets and substantially slows down the filling time.

Using the fill lines, verify the desired fluid level.




Since the reservoir capacity may be small compared to your application, and air may need to be purged from the lines, have extra cooling fluid on hand to keep the system topped off when external circulation is started.

**CAUTION**

**Avoid overfilling, fluids expand when heated. ▲**

## Draining

**CAUTION**

**Before draining any fluid refer to the manufacturer's MSDS and EC safety data sheets for handling precautions. ▲**

**Ensure the fluid is at a safe handling temperature (~40°C). Wear protective clothing and gloves. ▲**

Lift up on the fill panel on the front of the chiller to remove it.

Pull the fill hose off the clips securing it to the chiller.

Keep your thumb on the end of the hose until ready to drain the fluid into a suitable container.

## Storage

**CAUTION**

**If the chiller is to be transported and/or stored in cold temperatures it needs to be drained and then flushed with a 50/50 laboratory grade glycol/water mixture. ▲**

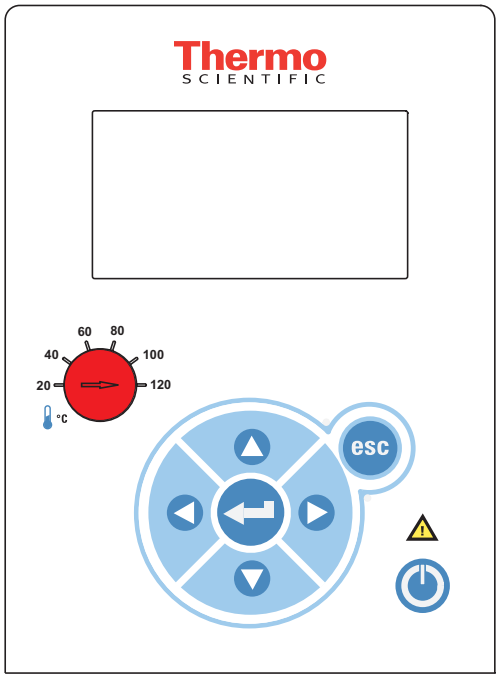
The chiller can be stored for up to 90 days inside the temperature range of -20°C to +60°C (-4°F to +140°F).

If necessary, when removing the chiller from storage allow it time to warm up and dry out in order to prevent any condensation issues.

# Section 4 Operation

## Controller

The Thermo Scientific Accel Series of chillers have a digital display and easy-to-use touch pad, five programmable setpoint temperatures, acoustic and optical alarms and adjustable high temperature protection.



This label indicates read the instruction manual before starting the chiller.

Use this button to place the chiller in and out of stand by.

Use these navigation arrows to move through the controller displays and to adjust values.

Use this button to start/stop the chiller. This button is also used to make and save changes on the controller's display screen.

Use this button to cancel any changes and to return the controller to its previous display. Canceling a change can only be made before the change is saved. In some cases, it is also used to save changes.

**Note** Holding this button for five seconds resets the display contrast to the default level and also brings up the language menu to change, if needed, the displayed language. See **Settings - Display Options** in this Section. ▲

Use the adjacent dial for adjusting the High Temperature Cutout. Details are explained in the end of this Section.

## Setup

**CAUTION**

**Leave the chiller in an upright position at room temperature (~25°C) for 24 hours before starting. This ensures the lubrication oil has drained back into the compressor. ▲**

**CAUTION**

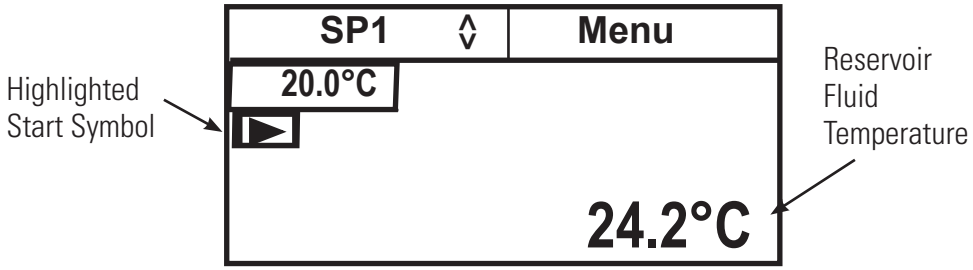
**Before starting the chiller, double check all USB, electrical and plumbing connections. ▲**

## Start Up

Do not run the chiller until fluid is added. Have extra fluid on hand. If the chiller does not start refer to Section 5 Troubleshooting.

- Place the circuit protector located on the front of the chiller to the **I** position.

- Press , the Start Display appears
- Ensure the start symbol has a highlight box around it, if not use the arrow keys to navigate to the symbol.




Start Display

- Press . The chiller starts and the start symbol turns into a stop symbol ( ■ ).

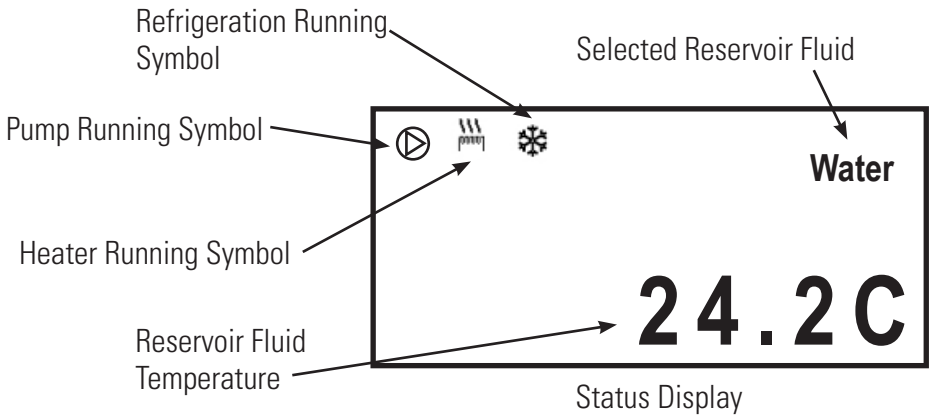
**Note** It takes 30 seconds for the compressor to start. ▲

**Note** After start, check external plumbing connections for leaks. ▲

The **SP1** and **Menu** portions on the top of the display are used to view and/or change the controller's settings. They are explained in detail later in this Section.

## Status Display

If desired, press esc to toggle between the Start/Status Displays.



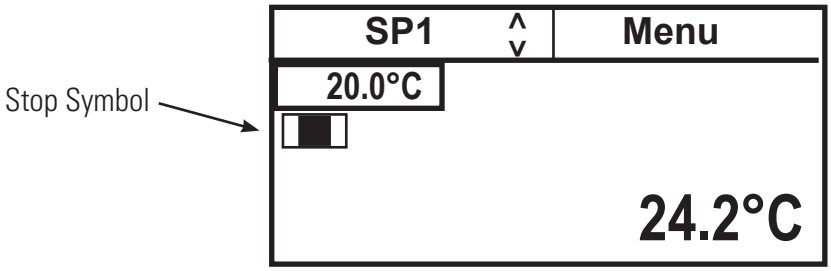

## Stand By Mode

Press , the chiller enters the stand by mode.

## Stopping the Chiller

Ensure the stop symbol is highlighted, if not use the arrow keys to navigate to the symbol.

Press . The chiller stops and the stop symbol turns into a start symbol ( ▶ ).




## Power Down

Press , the chiller enters the stand by mode.

## Shut Down

Place the circuit protector on the front of the chiller to the **O** position. The display goes blank.

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Using any other means to shut the chiller down can reduce the life of the compressor. ▲**

**⚠ CAUTION**

**Always turn the chiller off and disconnect it from its supply voltage before moving the chiller. ▲**

**⚠ CAUTION**

**The circuit protector located on the front of the chiller is not intended to act as a disconnecting means. ▲**

## Restarting

**Note** When quickly restarting, the compressor may take up to 10 minutes before it starts to operate. Limit chiller cycling to 8 times/hour. ▲

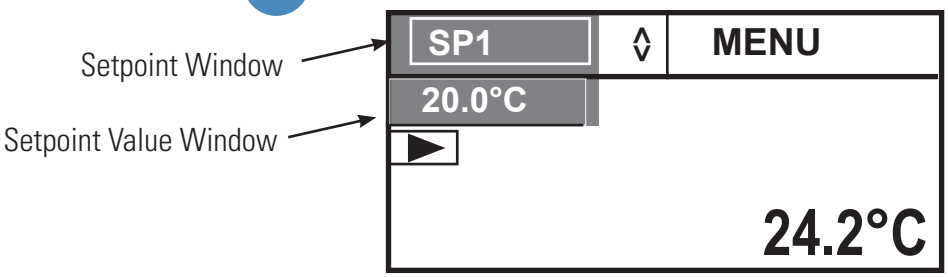
## Changing the Setpoint

**Note** You cannot adjust the setpoint closer than 0.1°C to either of the fluid's system limits, see Fluids Type in this Section, or beyond the chiller's temperature range. ▲

**Note** The setpoint can be changed with the chiller running or not. ▲

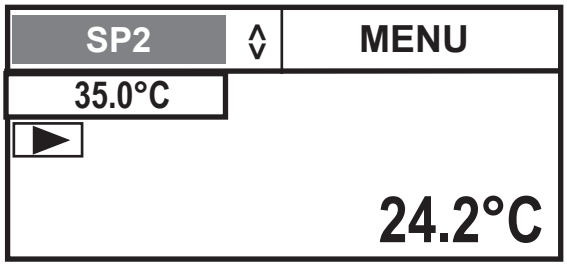
The setpoint is the desired fluid temperature. The controller can store up to five setpoints, **SP1** through **SP5**. The procedure for changing the stored setpoint values is discussed later in this Section.

Use the navigation arrows and move to the setpoint window and then press to highlight it and the value window as shown below.

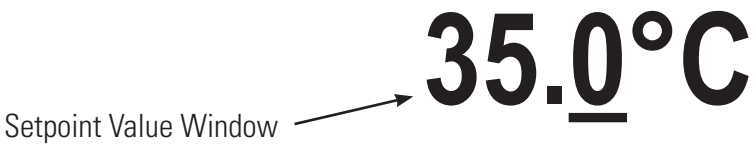



Use the up and down navigation arrows to bring up the desired setpoint and then press .

The display on the Setpoint Value Window now indicates the corresponding setpoint's stored value.




If desired, you can change the displayed setpoint value by using the navigation arrows to highlight the Setpoint Value Window and then pressing . The right-most digit has a cursor beneath it.




Use the left and right arrows to move the cursor to the desired digit and then use the up and down arrows to change the value. Once all the desired changes are made, press to save the change.

**Note** Using this procedure also changes the setpoint's stored value.

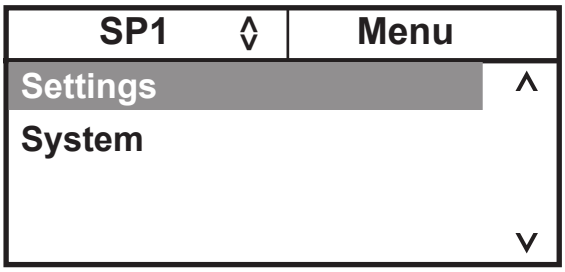
# Menu Displays

The controller uses menus to view/change the chiller's settings.

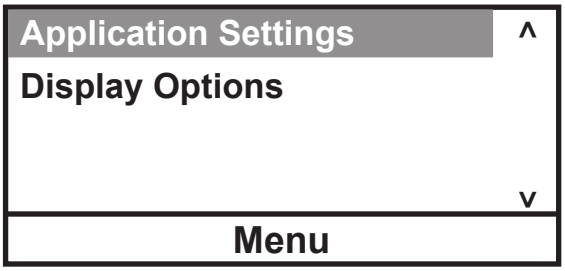
**Note** The chiller does not need to be running to view/change these settings. ▲

For all **Menu** displays, once ↵ is pressed to change a display, you can press esc to return to the previous screen.

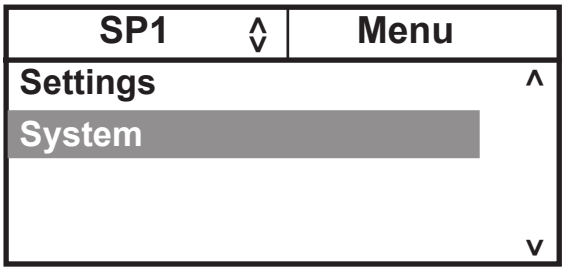
**1.** Use the arrow buttons to highlight **Menu** and the controller brings up the Main Menu Display.

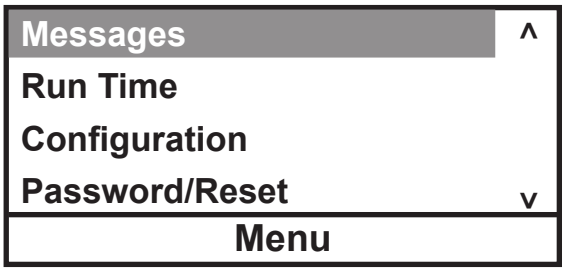



**2.** Use the up and down arrow to highlight either **Settings** or **System** and then press ↵ to bring up additional submenus.




See page 4-7.



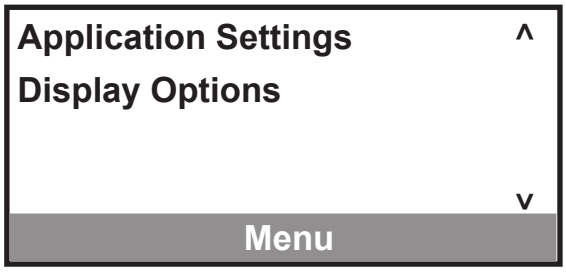




See page 4-12.

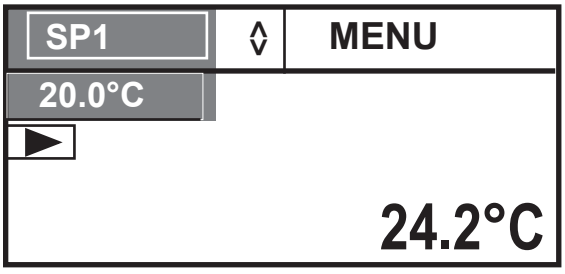
# Menu

The **Menu** line, at the bottom of all the submenu displays, is another way to return the controller back to the Main Menu Display.

**1.** From any submenu display, use the down arrow button to highlight **Menu**.



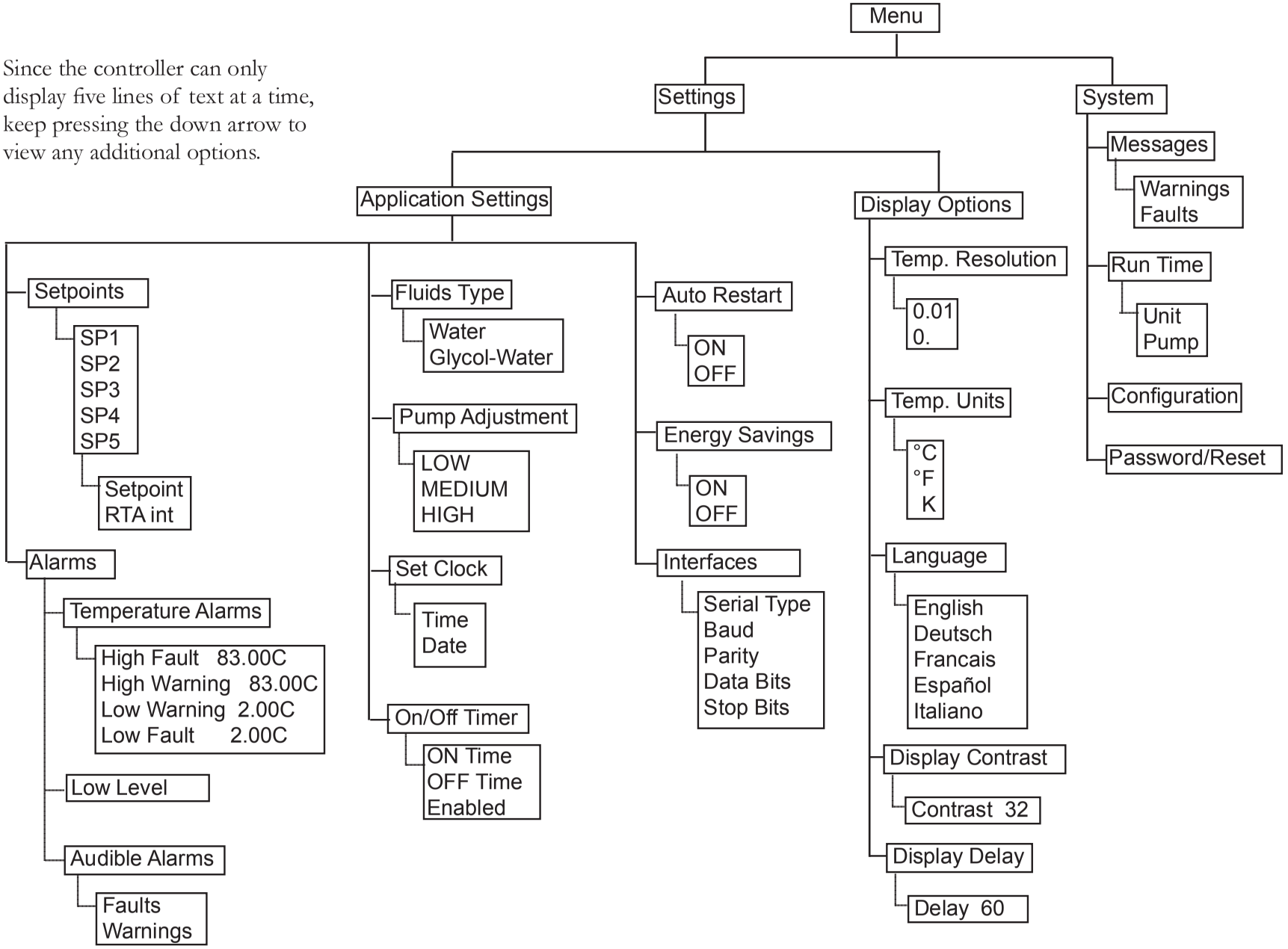

**2.** Press ↵ to return to the Start Display.




**Note** Pressing esc from the Menu line returns you tho the previous screen. ▲

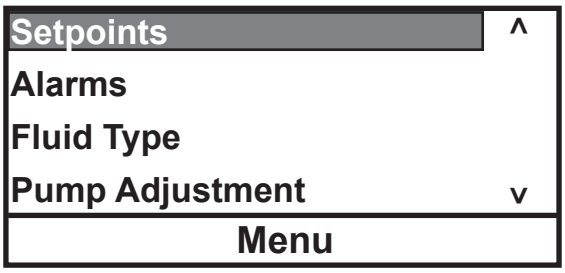
# Menu Tree

Since the controller can only display five lines of text at a time, keep pressing the down arrow to view any additional options.

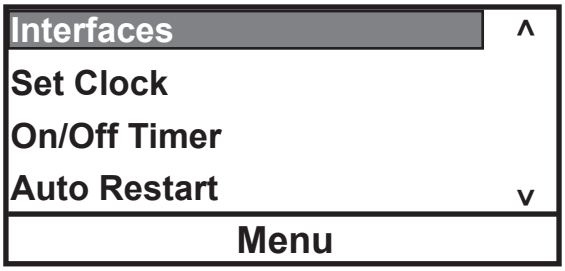


**Settings - Application Settings** is used to view/adjust the controller's five Setpoints and Real Temperature Adjustments (RTA), enable/disable the alarms, change the fluid type, set the pump speed, configure the interfaces (optional), set the clock, turn the timer on or off, and turn auto restart and energy savings on or off.

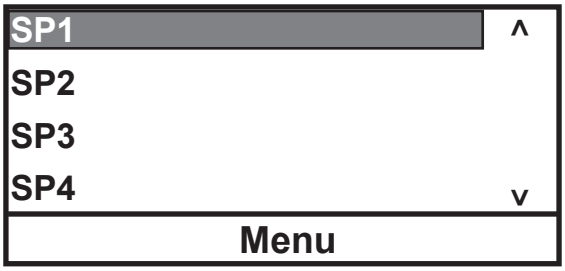
**1.** With **Application Settings** highlighted press to view:



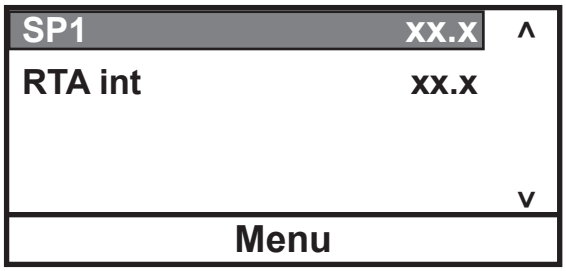

Scroll down for additional options:




**2.** With **Setpoints** highlighted, press to display the list. Use the up/down arrows to highlight the desired **SP**. **Note** Use the down arrow to display **SP5**. ▲




**3.** Press .




If the temperature on the Start/Status Displays do not accurately reflect the actual temperature in the reservoir, an RTA can be applied. The RTA can be set ±10°C (±18°F).

As an example, if the chiller's temperature is stabilized and displaying 20°C but a calibrated reference thermometer reads 20.5°C, set the RTA to -0.5°C. After you enter a RTA value allow chiller to stabilize before verifying the temperature. **Note** If display accuracy is required, we recommend repeating this procedure at various setpoint temperatures and on a regular basis. ▲

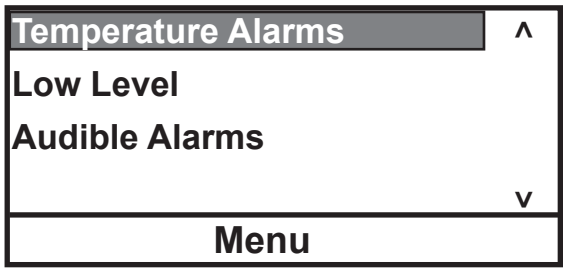
**Note** You cannot adjust the setpoint closer than 0.1°C to either of the fluid's system limits, see Fluids Type in this Section. ▲

**4.** With the desired line highlighted press .

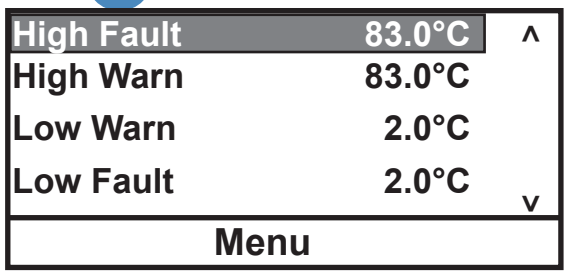
The right-most digit has a cursor beneath it. Use the left and right arrows to move the cursor to the desired digit and then use the up and down arrows to change the value. Once all the desired changes are made, press to save the change or press to cancel the change.

**Alarms** is used to view/adjust the high and low temperature alarm limits, to configure the low level reaction and to enable/disable the audible alarms.

1. With **Alarms** highlighted, press to display:




2. With **Temperature Alarms** highlighted, press to display:



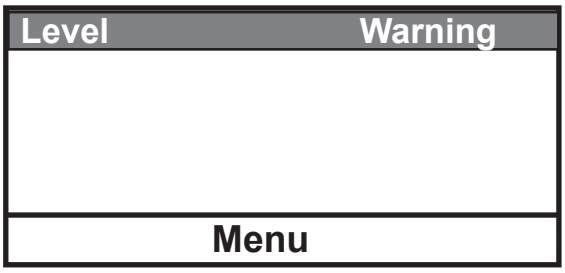

3. Highlight the desired limit and press . Follow the same procedure used to change a setpoint.

If the **Fault** temperature is exceeded the chiller shuts down and, if enabled, the audible alarm sounds. If the **Warn** temperature is exceeded the chiller continues to run and, if enabled, the audible alarm sounds. In both cases a message is displayed.

**High Fault** cannot be set below **High Warn**.
**High Warn** cannot be set below **Low Warn**.
**Low Fault** cannot be set above **High Warn**.

Press esc, or use the **Menu** window, to save and return to the previous display.

1. With **Low Level** highlighted, press to display:



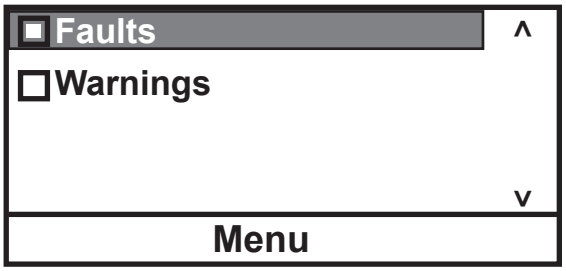

2. Press and the display starts to flash, use the arrow keys to toggle between **Warning** and **Faults**. With the desired option showing press again to stop the flashing.

A low level condition occurs when the fluid is approximately at the **MIN** reservoir level fill line. A low level condition can either generate a warning or a fault. With warning (the default setting) selected the chiller continues to run, with fault selected the chiller shuts down. In either case a message is displayed and, if enabled, sounds the alarm.

1. With **Audible Alarms** highlighted, press to display the alarms.

Highlight the desired alarm and press to toggle between enable and disable mode.

If **Faults** is enabled the alarm sounds when a fault occurs. If **Warnings** is enabled the alarm sounds when a warning occurs.



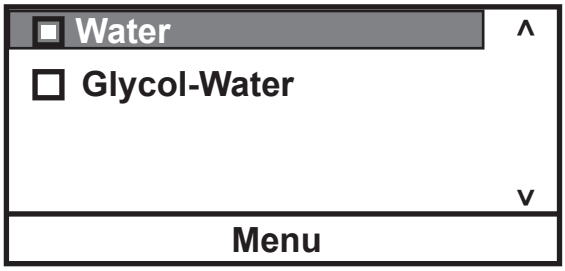

Press esc, or use the **Menu** window, to save and return to the previous display.

**Fluids Type** is used to identify the type of fluid used. The controller uses the fluid type to automatically set certain operating parameters.

1. With **Fluid Type** highlighted, press to display the list of acceptable fluids.

Highlight the desired fluid and press to select it.

2. With the desired fluid selected press esc, or use the **Menu** window, to save and return to the previous display.

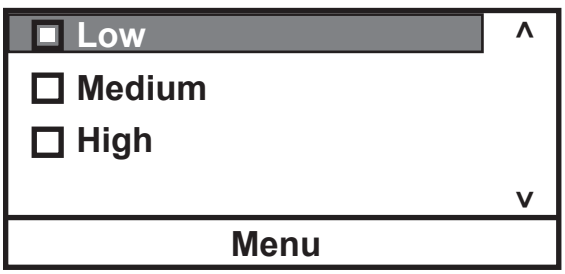



| LC Fluid temperature alarm limits: | High °C/°F | Low °C/°F |
|---|---|---|
| Water | +83/+181 | +2/+36 |
| EG-Water | +83/+181 | -13/+9 |
| **LT Fluid temperature alarm limits:** | **High °C/°F** | **Low °C/°F** |
| Water | +83/+181 | +2/+36 |
| EG-Water | +83/+181 | -28/-18 |
| **LT/HT Fluid temperature alarm limits:** | **High °C/°F** | **Low °C/°F** |
| Water | +98/+208 | +2/+36 |
| EG-Water | +98/+208 | -28/-18 |

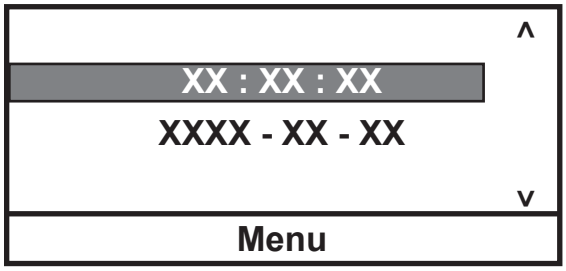
**Pump Adjustment** is used to review/set the desired pump speed. **Note** Force only pumps (FP1) have only two speeds, **High** and **Low**. ▲

1. With **Pump Adjustment** highlighted, press to display the speeds.

Highlight the desired speed and press to select it.

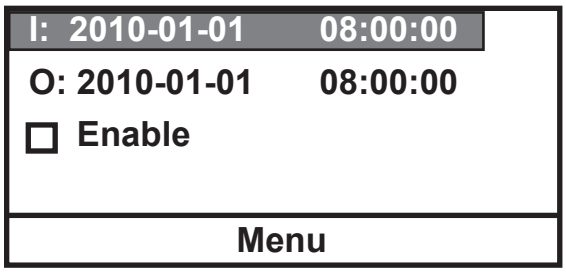


**Set Clock** is used to set the controller's time (hr : min : sec) and date (year - month - day).




**On/Off Timer** is used to enable and set the controller's timer.

1. With **On/Off Timer** highlighted, press to display the on ( **I** ) and off ( **O** ) time as well as the enable box.




After setting the on and off times select **Enable** to activate the timer.

**Auto Restart** is used to enable the auto restart feature. When enabled, the chiller automatically restarts after a power failure or power interruption condition is restored. **NOTE** Consider any possible risks before enabling this mode of operation. ▲

1. With **Auto Restart** highlighted, press to toggle between enable and disable.

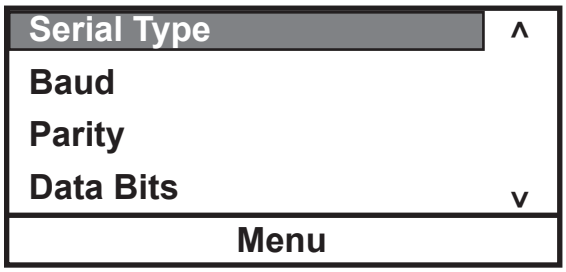
**Energy Saving** is used to enable the energy savings mode. The Energy Saving mode is primarily designed for applications running under a stable load. Enabling the mode saves energy by reducing the chiller's heater power and cooling requirements. This can result in substantial energy savings over the life of the chiller. The default setting is **ON**.

1. With **Energy Saving** highlighted, press to toggle between enable and disable.

**Interfaces** is used to enable/configure the optional communications feature. The controller supports AC, NC and Standard protocols.

1. With **Interfaces** highlighted, press to display the list of parameters.

Highlight the desired parameter and press to view the available options.



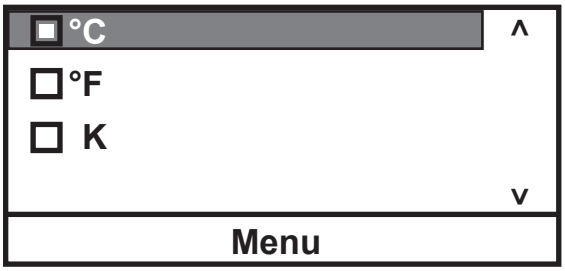

**Available options:**

| | |
|---|---|
| **Serial Type** | USB, Off |
| **Baud** | 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200, 600, 300 |
| **Parity** | None, Odd, Even |
| **Data Bits** | 8 |
| **Stop Bits** | 1, 2 |

See the Appendix for additional information.

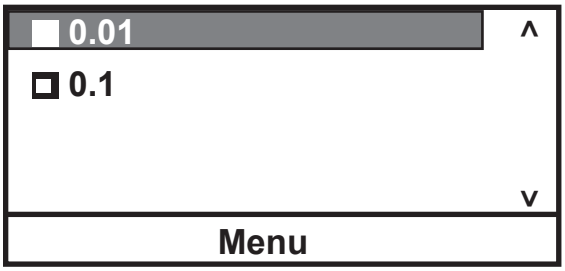
**Settings - Display Options** is used to view/adjust the controller's Temperature Units, the Temperature Resolution, the displayed Language, the Display Contrast and the Display Delay.

1. With **Temp. Unit** highlighted press . Use the up/down arrows to highlight the desired temperature scale. Press .



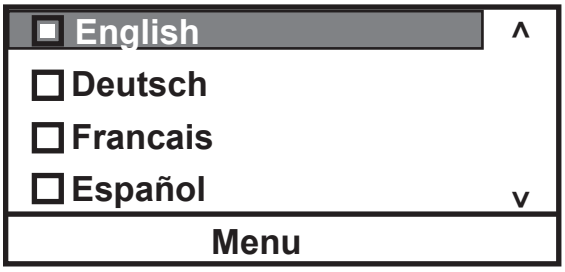

2. With **Temp. Resolution** highlighted press .

Use the up/down arrows to highlight the desired resolution. Press .



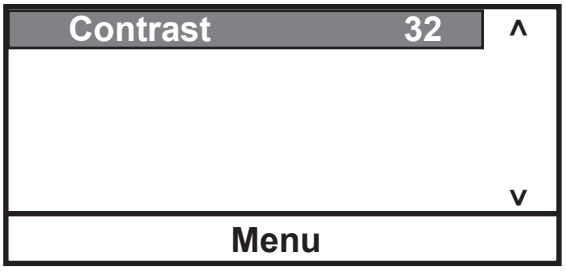

3. With **Language** highlighted press . Use the up/down arrows to highlight the desired language. (Scroll down for additional languages.)

Press .




4. With **Display Contrast** highlighted press .

Press again and use the up/down arrows keys to change the contrast. With the desired contrast showing, press again.

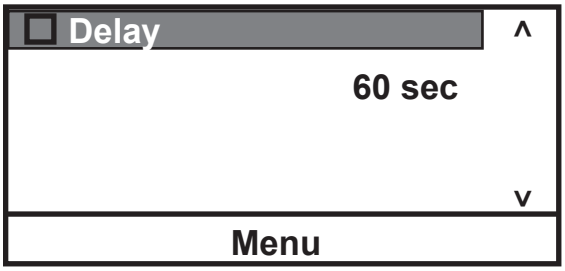



**Note** Holding esc for five seconds resets the display contrast to the default level and also brings up the language menu to change, if needed, the displayed language. ▲

5. With **Display Delay** highlighted press to enable/disable it.

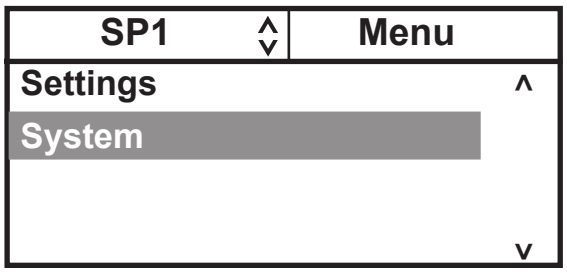
Use the up/down arrows to highlight the time and press again.

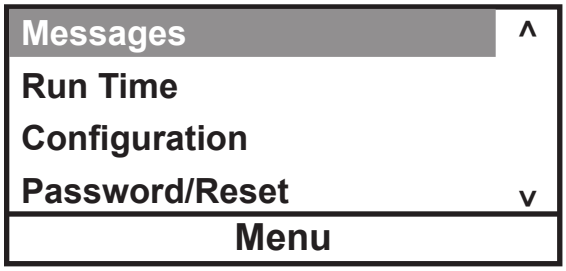
Use the up/down arrows to change the value. Once the desired delay is displayed press .




With **Display Delay** enabled and the Start Display showing, if no arrows are pressed the Start Display changes to the Status Display after the delay expires. See pages 4-2 and 4-3.

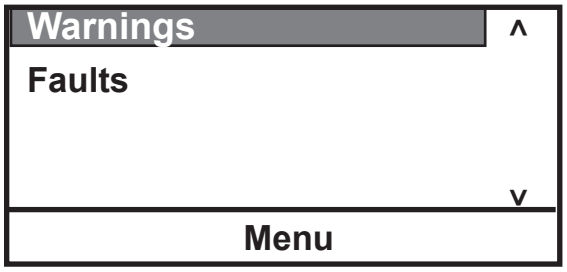
## System



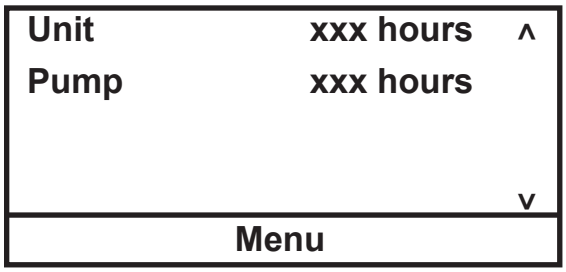

**Messages** is used to view any **Warnings** or **Faults** messages.

1. With **Messages** highlighted, press to display the options.



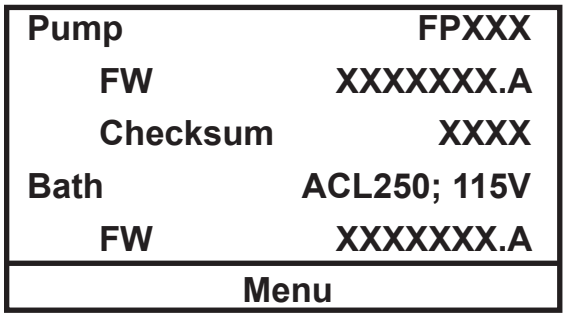

**Run Time** is used to view the chiller (**Unit**) and **Pump** operating hours.

1. With **Run Time** highlighted, press to display the times.




**Configuration** is used to view the chiller's configuration.

1. With **Configuration** highlighted, press to display the settings.

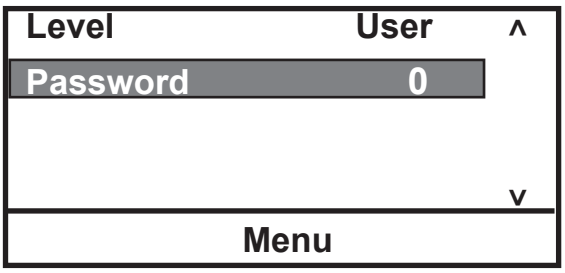



**Pump options:**

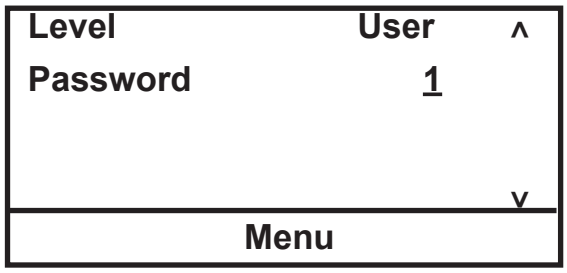
| | |
|---|---|
| **FP1LE** | Force Pump, Low Level |
| **FP2LE** | Force/Suction Pump, Low Level |
| **FP1ULE** | Force Pump, USB, Low Level |
| **FP2ULE** | Force/Suction Pump, USB, Low Level |
| **FP2ULEHT** | Force/Suction Pump, USB, Low Level, High Temp |

**Password/Reset** is used only by a qualified technician. Changing the password enables controller reset options, the temperature sensor calibration procedure and displays PID values.

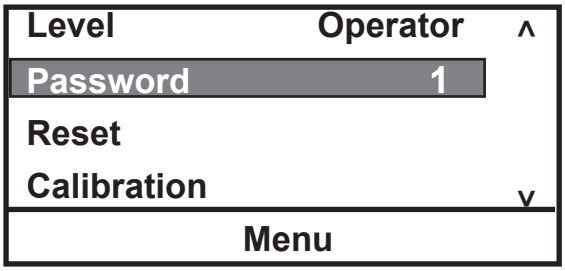
**1.** With **Password/Reset** highlighted, press to display:




**2.** Press and change the number to **1**.



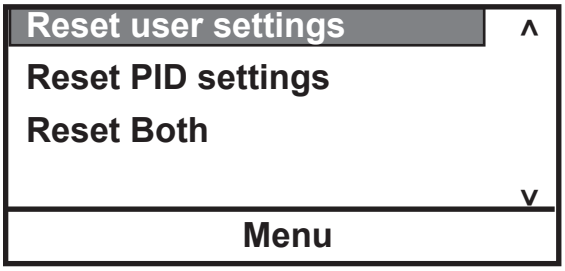

**3.** Press to display:




Scroll down to display **PID Tuning**.

**Note** The controller defaults to the **User** mode whenever the chiller is turned off. The controller also defaults to the **User** mode whenever the Start/Status Display is displayed continuously for 10 minutes. ▲

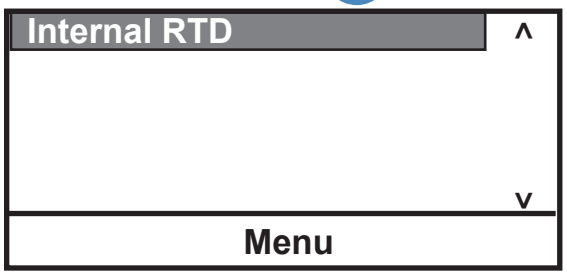
**1.** If desired, highlight **Reset** and press to display:



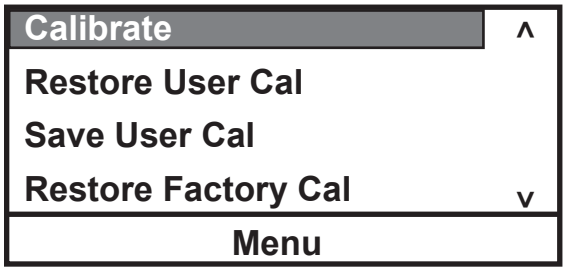

Highlight the desired reset option and press .

A confirmation message appears, press again. The controller enters the stand by mode.

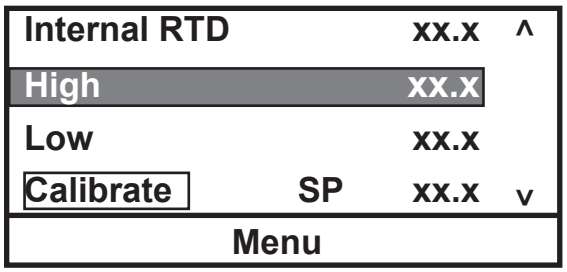
**1.** To calibrate the temperature sensor highlight **Calibration** and press ↵ to display:



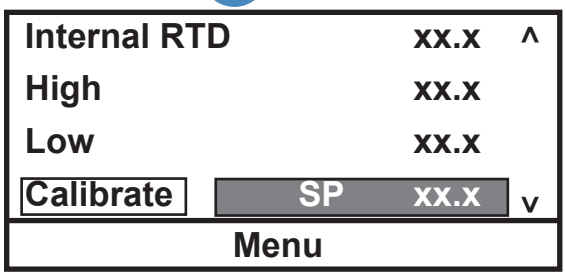

**2.** Press ↵ to display:



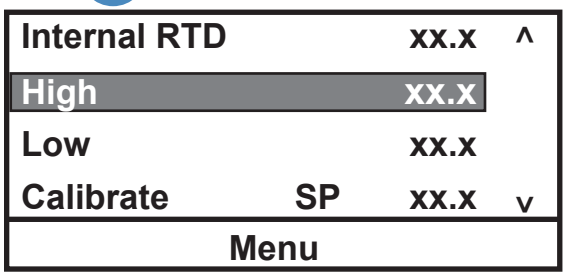

**3.** Press ↵ to display:



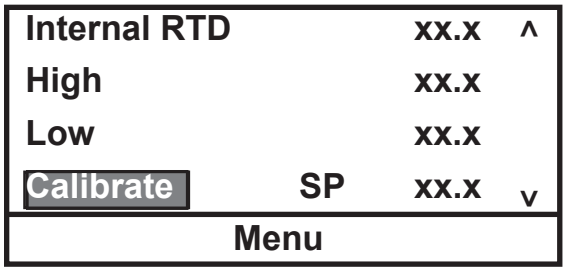

**4**. Highlight the **SP** temperature box and enter either the desired high end or low end setpoint value and press ↵.



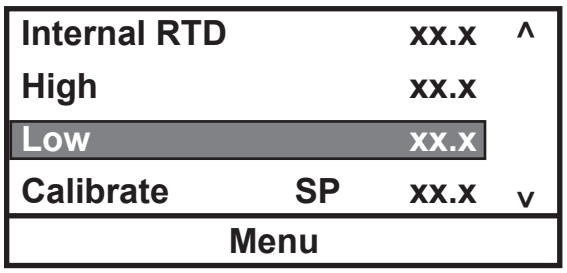

**5**. Depending on which end you are calibrating highlight **High** or **Low**. Once the **Internal RTD** temperature stabilizes enter the temperature displayed on your reference thermometer and press ↵.




**6.** Highlight **Calibrate** and then press ↵ to complete the high end procedure.




**7.** Repeat for the low end setpoint.



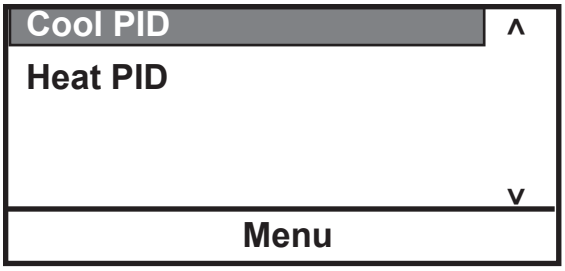

Once complete you can store the calibration into memory by selecting **Save User Cal** and pressing ↵.

You can later restore the same calibration by highlighting **Restore User Cal** and pressing ↵.

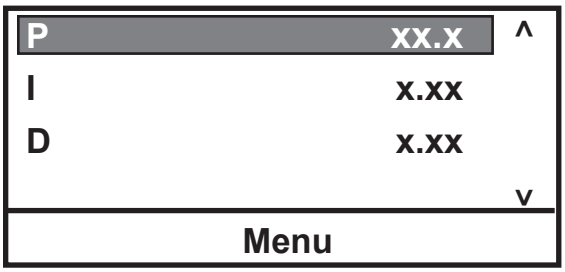
Another option is to restore the factory calibration values by highlighting **Restore Factory Cal** and pressing ↵.

**PID Tuning** is used to view/change the controller's PID values. **Note** We recommend only a qualified technician change the values, incorrect values will impede chiller performance. ▲

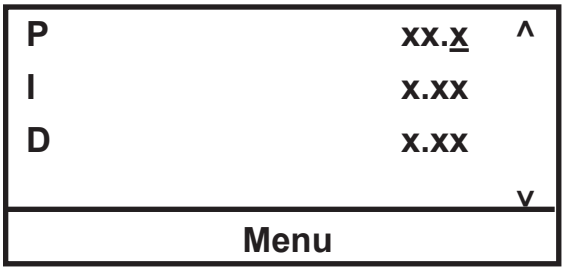
**1.** With **PID Tuning** highlighted, press ↵ to display:




**2.** Highlight the desired PID and press ↵ to display:

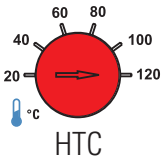



**3 .** If required, press ↵ to change the value.




Factory values are:
P = 05.0
I = 0.10
D = 0.00

# High Temperature Cutout




To protect your application, the adjustable High Temperature Cutout (HTC) ensures the heater does not exceed temperatures that can cause serious damage. A temperature sensor is located in the reservoir. A HTC fault occurs when the temperature of the sensor exceeds the set temperature limit.

In the event of a fault the chiller shuts down and the controller displays a fault message, see Section 6. The cause of the fault must be identified and corrected before the chiller can be restarted.

The HTC is factory preset fully clockwise to the highest possible setting. To set the cutout start the chiller and adjust the setpoint a few degrees higher than the highest desired fluid temperature. Allow the chiller to stabilize at the temperature setpoint. Then, using a flathead screwdriver, slowly turn the red dial counterclockwise until the chiller shuts down and the fault message appears. Press ↵ to clear the message.

Before you can restart the chiller it has to cool down a few degrees. To restart the chiller press the black reset ring surrounding the red dial - and then press the enter key again. If Auto Restart is enabled the chiller restarts, if disabled use the Start Up procedure.

**Note:** We recommend periodically rechecking operation or if the chiller is moved. ▲

# Section 5 Preventive Maintenance

**⚠ WARNING** **Laboratory Grade Ethylene glycol (EG) is poisonous and flammable. Before performing any preventive maintenance refer to the manufacturer's most current MSDS for handling precautions. ▲**

**⚠ CAUTION** **Disconnect the power cord prior to performing any maintenance. Ensure chiller is at a safe temperature before handling. ▲**

**⚠ CAUTION** **Handle the chiller with care. Sudden jolts or drops can damage its components. ▲**

There are no user serviceable components within the equipment cabinet. Only Thermo Fisher should provide required replacement parts listed below.

## Cleaning

Clean the chiller's surface with a soft cloth and warm water only.

## Condenser

Clean the condenser by running a vacuum over the grid on the lower rear section of the chiller.

**⚠ CAUTION** **Failure to clean the condenser will cause a loss of cooling capacity and lead to premature failure of the cooling system. ▲**

Clean/replace the optional condenser filter.

## Fluid Maintenance

Check the fluid level, concentration and pH on a regular basis, see Section 3. Change the fluid if it is discolored.

## Sight Tube

As required, clean the sight tube using a small soft brush.

## Hoses

Inspect and tighten the chiller's external hoses and clamps daily

## Testing the Safety Features

The safety features for low fluid level protection and high fluid temperature must be checked at regular intervals. The frequency depends on the chiller's designated application and the heat transfer fluid used.

**Low liquid level protection**
With the chiller on, slowly drain the reservoir fluid (use a drainage tap if necessary) and ensure the controller displays a message and the chiller reacts as desired.

If not, have the chiller checked by qualified a technician.

**High temperature protection**
Using a flat-head screw driver, set a cut-off temperature that is lower than the desired setpoint temperature.

Switch on the circulator and ensure the chiller shuts down at the set cut-off temperature. Press the black ring surrounding the dial to reset the HTC.

If the chiller does not shut down have it checked by a qualified technician.

Reset the safety to the desired temperature.

## Decommissioning/ Disposal

Decommissioning prepares equipment for safe and secure transportation.

**Laboratory Grade Ethylene glycol (EG) is poisonous and flammable. Before disposing refer to the manufacturer's most current MSDS for handling precautions. ▲**

**Handling and disposal should be done in accordance with the manufacturers specification and/or the MSDS for the material used. ▲**

**Decommissioning must be performed only by qualified dealer using certified equipment. All prevailing regulations must be followed. ▲**

Consider decommissioning the chiller when:

- It fails to maintain desired specifications
- It no longer meets safety standards
- It is beyond repair for its age and worth

Refrigerant (R134A) and oil (Polyol Ester) must be recovered from equipment before disposal.

**Note** Keep in mind any impact your application may have had on the chiller. ▲

Direct questions about chiller decommissioning or disposal to our Sales, Service and Customer Support.

# Section 6 Troubleshooting

## Error Displays

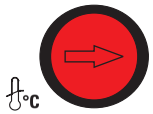
The circulator can display error messages and, if enabled, sound an alarm. Error messages are cleared by pressing the enter key ( ). Restart the circulator once the cause of the error message is identified and corrected. If the cause was not corrected the error code will reappear, contact our Sales, Service and Customer Support. If **Auto start** is enabled the circulator will restart, if disabled use the Start Up procedure.

Error Display (Typical)

### Fault Displays

The heating element, pump and, if applicable, refrigeration shut down with a fault. A fault also sounds the alarm, if enabled.

| Message | Cause | Actions |
|---|---|---|
| **High Fixed Temp.** | • circulator's nonadjustable high temperature protection limit exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( )<br>• check fluid selection<br>• check environmental conditions |
| **High Temperature** | • adjustable high temperature protection limit exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( )<br>• check limit setting<br>• check fluid selection<br>• ensure circulator has adequate ventilation |
| **High Temperature Refrigeration** | • high refrigeration temperature | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( )<br>check voltage supply<br>• the refrigeration may need servicing, contact us |
| **HPC High Press. Cutout** | • the high refrigeration pressure cutout activated | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( )<br>• check for obstructions to air flow<br>• the refrigeration may need servicing, contact us |

| Message | Cause | Actions |
|---|---|---|
| **HTC<br>High Temp. Cutout** | • the high temperature cutout limit was exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ )<br>• allow chiller to cool down to at least 10°C below than the HTC setting<br>• turn the red knob on the HTC fully clockwise<br>• press the HTC's black reset ring<br>• press the enter key ( ↵ ) again<br>• reset HTC to desired setting, see Section 4<br>• if message reappears recycle power to chiller and repeat the procedure<br>  |
| **LLC<br>Low Level Cutout** | • reservoir fluid level too low for safe operation | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ )<br>• check fluid level<br>• check for leaks |
| **Low Fixed Temp.** | • circulator's nonadjustable low temperature protection limit exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ )<br>• check fluid selection |
| **Low Temperature** | • adjustable high temperature protection limit exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ )<br>• check limit setting<br>• check fluid selection |
| **Motor Fault** | • high motor temperature | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ )<br>• it can take over 10 minutes for the motor temperature to get low enough before the circulator can be restarted |
| **MOL<br>Motor Overload** | • high motor overload temperature | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ )<br>• allow circulator to cool down |
| **Open RTD1<br>Internal** | • open internal temperature sensor | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ ) |
| **Shorted RTD1<br>Internal** | • shorted internal temperature sensor | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ↵ ) |

### Warning Displays

The circulator will continue to run with a warning. A warning also sounds the alarm, if enabled.

| Message | Cause | Actions |
|---|---|---|
| **Bad Calibration** | • bad temperature probe calibration | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ) <br> • redo calibration |
| **High Temperature** | • adjustable high temperature protection limit exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ) <br> • check limit setting <br> • check fluid selection |
| **Low Level** | • reservoir fluid level too low for safe operation | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ) <br> • check fluid level |
| **Low Temperature** | • adjustable low temperature protection limit exceeded | • clear message by pressing the enter key ( ) <br> • check limit setting <br> • check fluid selection |

# Checklist

### Chiller will not start

Check the controller for error displays, see Error Displays in this section.

Ensure the circuit protector is in the on ( **I** ) position.

Make sure supply voltage is connected and matches the chiller's nameplate rating ±10%.

### No display on controller

Cycle the circuit protector on the front of the chiller.

### Chiller will not circulate process fluid

Check the reservoir level. Fill, if necessary.

Check the application for restrictions in the cooling lines.

The pump motor overloaded. The pump's internal overtemperature overcurrent device shuts off the pump causing the flow to stop. This can be caused by low fluid, debris in system, operating chiller in a high ambient temperature condition or excessively confined space. Allow time for the motor to cool down.

Make sure supply voltage matches the chiller's nameplate rating ±10%.

### Inadequate temperature control

Verify the setpoint.

Make sure the condenser and the optional filter are free of dust and debris.

Check the fluid concentration.

Ensure chiller installation complies with the requirements in Section 3.

Make sure supply voltage matches chiller nameplate rating ±10%.

If the temperature continues to rise, make sure your application's heat load does not exceed the rated specifications.

Check for high thermal gradients (e.g., the application load is being turned on and off or rapidly changing).

**Chiller shuts down**

Ensure button wasn't accidently pressed.

Ensure the circuit protector is in the on ( I ) position.

Check the controller for error displays.

Make sure supply voltage is connected and matches the chiller's nameplate rating ±10%.

Restart the chiller.

**USB Driver Not Recognized**

If your operating system does not automatically recognize the USB driver log on to:

http://www.ftdichip.com/FTDrivers.htm

for instructions.

Please contact Thermo Fisher Scientific Sales Service and Customer Support if you need any additional information, see inside cover for contact instructions.

# Appendix AC Serial Communications Protocol

Serial communication is accomplished through the USB port on the chiller. If your operating system does not automatically recognize the optional driver log on to: http://www.ftdichip.com/FTDrivers.htm for instructions.

**Note** This appendix assumes you have a basic understanding of communications protocols. Information on the NC, STANDARD and NAMUR protocols is available upon request. ▲

**Note** Controller operation is still available with serial communications enabled. ▲

All commands must be entered in the exact format shown in the tables on the following pages. The tables show all commands available, their format and responses. Chiller responses are either the requested data or an error message. The chiller response must be received before the host sends the next command.

The host sends a command embedded in a single communications packet, then waits for the chiller's response. If the command is not understood, the chiller responds with an error command. Otherwise, the chiller responds with the requested data.

Commands are not case sensitive. Upper or lower case letters may be used. Commands are listed in the Commands Table, error responses are given in the Errors Table, and symbols are shown in the Key Table.

| Key | |
|---|---|
| Symbol | Meaming |
| *[B]* | A binary value 0 or 1 (0 = Off, FALSE or Disable(d); 1 = On, TRUE or Enable(d)). |
| *[CR]* | Carriage return – used as the termination character. |
| *[U]* | Text representing the units associated with a value. |
| *[V]* | A value that can be requested in a read command or sent as part of a set command. |
| *[$V_{MAX}$]* | Maximum allowed value. Part of error message when set value is too high. |
| *[$V_{MIN}$]* | Minimum allowed value. Part of error message when set value is too low. |

Value: Read commands return analog [V] or bit [B] values or settings, while set commands send analog or bit settings. Read commands return values with the same displayed precision. Set command messages missing the space character between the command and the setting will be rejected, as the user's intent is unclear.

Units: A read command returning an analog [V] value or setting, will include the units [U] associated with that value or setting. A set command sending an analog value will not include the units. The units returned by the complementary read command are assumed.

Termination character: A carriage return [CR] is used to terminate command and response messages. (Typically the "Enter" key on the keyboard.)

**Note** The inter-character timeout (time between transmitted characters) is set to 30 seconds. Exceeding the timeout clears the receiver buffer and requires retransmitting the message .

**Note** Special characters (backspace, delete, insert, etc.) are not recognized by the protocol and generate error responses.

## Commands Table:

| **Commands** *All messages from master and slave are terminated with a carriage return [CR]* | | |
|---|---|---|
| Command Description *Notes* | Master Sends | Sample Slave Response *(echo off)* *Alternate units* |
| Read Temperature *Internal* | RT | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read Displayed Setpoint | RS | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read Setpoint X (X = 1 to 5) | RSX | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read Internal RTAX (X = 1 to 5) | RIRTAX | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read High Temperature Fault | RHTF | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read High Temperature Warn | RHTW | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read Low Temperature Fault | RLTF | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read Low Temperature Warn | RLTW | *[V]*C *F K* |
| Read Proportional Cool Band Setting | RPC | *[V]*% |
| Read Integral Cool Band Setting | RIC | *[V]*Repeats per minute |
| Read Derivative Cool Band Setting | RDC | *[V]*Minutes |
| Read Temperature Precision | RTP | *[V]* |
| Read Temperature Units | RTU | *[V]* *C,F,K* |
| Read Unit On | RO | *[B]* |
| Read Auto Restart Enabled | RAR | *[B]* |
| Read Energy Saving Mode | REN | *[B]* |
| Read Time | RCK | *hh:mm:ss* |
| Read Date | RDT | *mm/dd/yyyy or dd/mm/yyyy* |
| Read Date Format | RDF | *mm/dd/yyyy or dd/mm/yyyy* |
| Read Firmware Version | RVER | *[V]* |
| Read Firmware Checksum | RSUM | *[V]* |
| Read Unit Fault Status | RUFS | *[$V_1$, $V_2$ , $V_3$, $V_4$, $V_5$] See page 5* |

| **Commands** *All messages from master and slave are terminated with a carriage return [CR]* | | |
|---|---|---|
| Command Description *Notes* | Master Sends | Sample Slave Response *(echo off)* *Alternate units* |
| Set Displayed Setpoint | SS *[V]* | OK |
| Set Setpoint X (X = 1 to 5) | SSX *[V]* | OK |
| Set Internal RTA X (X = 1 to 5) | SIRTAX*[V]* | OK |
| Set High Temperature Fault | SHTF *[V]* | OK |
| Set High Temperature Warning | SHTW *[V]* | OK |
| Set Low Temperature Fault | *S*LTF *[V]* | OK |
| Set Low Temperature Warning | SLTW *[V]* | OK |
| Set Proportional Cool Band Setting | SPC *[V]* | OK |
| Set Integral Cool Band Setting | SIC *[V]* | OK |
| Set Derivative Cool Band Setting | SDC *[V]* | OK |
| Set Temperature Resolution | STR *[V]* | OK |
| Set Temperature Units | STU *[V] C,F,K* | OK |
| Set Unit On Status | SO *[B]* | OK |
| Set Auto Restart Enabled | SAR *[B]* | OK |
| Set Energy Saving Mode | SEN *[V]* | OK |
| Set Pump Speed | SPS *[V] L,M,H* | OK |

Errors Table:

| **Errors** | |
|---|---|
| Error Description *Notes* | Slave Responds |
| *Not defined, not implemented or incorrectly formatted* | ? Unsupported command |
| *Extra characters…* | ? Format error |
| *Set value too high* | ? Maximum allowed is *[$V_{MAX}$]* |
| *Set value too low* | ? Minimum allowed is *[$V_{MIN}$]* |
| *Argument to binary set command not 0 or 1* | ? Value must be 0 or 1 |
| *Set command attempted while in read only mode* | ? Mode is read only |
| *Set command failed (e.g. SO 1 with low level)* | ? Failed |

**RUFS** Read Unit Fault Status

This command returns 5 values. These are decimal representations of hexadecimal values. Each individual bit of the value represents a different warning, fault or status.

| decimal | hex | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 32 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 64 | 40 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 128 | 80 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Value | Description of bits |
|---|---|
| $V_1$ | B0 – B5 unused<br>B6 rtd1 shorted<br>B7 rtd1 open |
| $V_2$ | B0 HTC fault<br>B1 high RA temperature fault<br>B2 – B7 unused |
| $V_3$ | B0 low level warn<br>B1 lo temperature warn<br>B2 high temperature warn<br>B3 low level fault<br>B4 lo temperature fault<br>B5 high temperature fault<br>B6 low temperature fixed fault<br>B7 high temperature fixed fault |
| $V_4$ | B0 PWM heat duty cycle > 0<br>B1 compressor On/Off<br>B2 Pump On status<br>B3 Unit On status<br>B4 Unit Stopping<br>B5 Unit fault status<br>B6 unused<br>B7 Beeper On status |
| $V_5$ | B0 Pump speed fault<br>B1 MOL fault<br>B2 HPC fault<br>B3 Cool Icon On steady (unit is cooling at max capacity)<br>B4 Cool Icon flashing (unit is cooling)<br>B5 Heat Icon On steady<br>B6 Heat Icon flashing<br>B7 External sensor controlling |
| | |

Refer to Key table on page 1 for explanation of symbols and their meanings.

Examples:

Read Temperature:

Host

| R | T | | **CR** |
|---|---|---|---|
| Command | | | [CR] |

Chiller:

| 2 | 0 | . | 0 | C | **CR** |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| [V] | | | | [U] | [CR] |

Set Setpoint:

Host

| S | S | | 2 | 0 | **CR** |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Command | | | [V] | | [CR] |

Chiller :

| O | K | **CR** |
|---|---|---|
| Command Accepted | | [CR] |

Read Temperature 2:

| Host: | R | T | 2 | **CR** | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chiller: | 2 | 0 | . | 0 | C | [CR] |

Set Setpoint to -22°C when minimum allowed is -20°C: Minimum allowed is $[V_{MIN}]$

| Host: | S | S | | - | 2 | 2 | **CR** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chiller: | ? | | M | i | n | i | m | u | m | | a | l | l | o | w | e | d | | i | s | | - | 2 | 0 | **CR** |

Laboratory Equipment Div.
25 Nimble Hill Road
Newington, NH 03801

# DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer: Thermo Fisher Scientific

Address: 25 Nimble Hill Road
Newington, NH USA 03801

CE

Year of inception 2013

Products: Heated and Refrigerated Liquid Circulators.

We declare that the following products conform to the Directives and Standards listed below:

Thermo Fisher Scientific Polar models 250 & 500.

All rated:

1. 100 Volts, 50 Hz & 100 Volts, 60 Hz or
2. 115 Volts, 60 Hz or
3. 220 Volts, 60 Hz or
4. 220 - 230 Volts, 50 Hz

Equipment Class: Measurement, control and laboratory.

Directives and Standards:

2004/108/EC – Electromagnetic Compatibility ( EMC Directive ):

EN 61326-1: 2006 – Electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – EMC requirements, EMC Class A

2006/95/EC – Low Voltage Directive ( LVD ):

EN 61010-1: 2010 – Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements.

EN 61010-1: 2004 – Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements.

EN 61010-2-010: 2003 – Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 2-010: Particular requirements for laboratory equipment for the heating of materials.

2011/65/EU - Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances In Electrical and Electronic Equipment ( ROHSD ).

EN 50581: 2012 - Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances.

2012/19/EU - Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment ( WEEED ).

Manufacturer's Authorized Representative: Date:

Robin Wiley

10 July 2014

Robin Wiley Compliance Engineering

# Warranty

Thermo Fisher Scientific warrants for 24 months from date of shipment the Thermo Scientific Accel chillers according to the following terms.

Any part of the chiller manufactured or supplied by Thermo Fisher Scientific and found in the reasonable judgment of Thermo Fisher to be defective in material or workmanship will be repaired at an authorized Thermo Fisher Repair Depot without charge for parts or labor. The chiller, including any defective part must be returned to an authorized Thermo Fisher Repair Depot within the warranty period. The expense of returning the chiller to the authorized Thermo Fisher Repair Depot for warranty service will be paid for by the buyer. Our responsibility in respect to warranty claims is limited to performing the required repairs or replacements, and no claim of breach of warranty shall be cause for cancellation or recision of the contract of sales of any chiller. With respect to chiller that qualify for field service repairs, Thermo Fisher Scientific's responsibility is limited to the component parts necessary for the repair and the labor that is required on site to perform the repair. Any travel labor or mileage charges are the financial responsibility of the buyer.

The buyer shall be responsible for any evaluation or warranty service call (including labor charges) if no defects are found with the Thermo Scientific product.

This warranty does not cover any chiller that has been subject to misuse, neglect, or accident. This warranty does not apply to any damage to the chiller that is the result of improper installation or maintenance, or to any chiller that has been operated or maintained in any way contrary to the operating or maintenance instructions specified in this Instruction and Operation Manual. This warranty does not cover any chiller that has been altered or modified so as to change its intended use.

In addition, this warranty does not extend to repairs made by the use of parts, accessories, or fluids which are either incompatible with the chiller or adversely affect its operation, performance, or durability.

Thermo Fisher Scientific reserves the right to change or improve the design of any chiller without assuming any obligation to modify any chiller previously manufactured.

THE FOREGOING EXPRESS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTIES OR MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

OUR OBLIGATION UNDER THIS WARRANTY IS STRICTLY AND EXCLUSIVELY LIMITED TO THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF DEFECTIVE COMPONENT PARTS AND Thermo Fisher Scientific DOES NOT ASSUME OR AUTHORIZE ANYONE TO ASSUME FOR IT ANY OTHER OBLIGATION.

Thermo Fisher Scientific ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR OTHER DAMAGES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY, LOSS OF PROFITS OR REVENUE, LOSS OF THE CHILLER, LOSS OF TIME, OR INCONVENIENCE.

This warranty applies to chillers sold by Thermo Fisher Scientific. (Refer to the warranty for chillers sold by the affiliated marketing company of Thermo Fisher Scientific for any additional terms.) This warranty and all matters arising pursuant to it shall be governed by the law of the State of New Hampshire, United States. All legal actions brought in relation hereto shall be filed in the appropriate state or federal courts in New Hampshire, unless waived by Thermo Fisher Scientific.

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